Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1869. NUMBER 79.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

HARRISBURG.

Proceedings of the Legislature—Private Bills Passed—Charge Against the House Messenger—German Language in Com- chools—Interpreter for ny County Courts.

o the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RISBURG, March 30, 1869.

SENATE.

RIVATE CALENDAR.

hundred bills were called up and passed finally, among them the following:

By Mr. KERR: Authorizing the Town Council of Leechburg, Armstrong county, to extend and open certain streets to the Kiskiminetas river.

Declaring Mahoning Creek, Armstrong unty, a public highway and authorizing a tow-path along the same.

Authorizing the School Board of Kittanning to sell real estate.

Incorporating the People's Savings Bank of Lawrence county.

By Mr. SEARIGHT: Incorporating the Uniontown and Waynesburg Railroad Company.

Preventing horses, cattle and swine from running at large in Rostraver township, Westmoreland county.

Increasing the pay of township auditors in Westmoreland.

Providing for the better repair of roads in Morgan, Jefferson and Rich Hill townships, Greene county.

Incorporating the Farmers and echanics Mercantile Association of ownsville.

y Mr. ERRETT: Relative to delin- nt Assessors of Allegheny county.

corporating the Elizabeth Township ge Company.

pealing the act incorporating the ngahela and Coal Hill Turnpike pany.

Mr. GRAHAM: For the better cution of disorderly persons in ale and Ormsby boroughs.

pealing the Scott township road law 62.

MAGILL DIVORCE CASE.

he bill from the House divorcing illiam and Lavina Magill was objected off.

Mr. LOWRY introduced a bill authorizing the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company to issue bonds, secured by mortgage, to enable them to lay a double track.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATINES.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. JOSEPHS, from the committee to investigate the charge against James McCauley, House Messenger, of having carried to Philadelphia a bill, which Mr. Josephs had passed, incorporating the United Ffremens Insurance Association of Philadelphia to that city, boasting it should never reach the Senate for final passage, reported against McCauley, recommending his dismissal.

After some discussion, on motion of Mr. DUNCAN, the report was referred back to the Committee, with instructions to notify McCauley to appear in self defence.

PRIVATE CALENDAR.

The private calendar of three hundred bills occupied nearly all day.

The following Senate bills were passed finally:

Perpetuating and enlarging the corporate powers of Uniontown.

Extending the limits of Butler borough.

For the construction and maintenance of foot walks in Chartiers, Scott, Union and Robinson townships, Allegheny.

Extending Venango county road law to Forrest.

Incorporating the People's Plank Road Company of Allegheny.

Authorizing the school directors of the Sixth Ward, Allegheny city, to borrow money.

Relating to the school district of Reserve township, Allegheny.

Empowering Bishop Domenec, of Pittsburgh, to sell certain real estate in Mifflin township, Allegheny.

Incorporating the State Dental Society.

Authorizing Pittsburgh and Allegheny Bridge Company, at Hand street, to borrow thirty thousand dollars.

Incorporating Allegheny County Savings Bank.

Consolidating Mount Union and Hilldale Cemeteries, Allegheny.

Authorizing the School Directors of Birmingham, Allegheny county, to borrow money.

Authorizing the Methodist church, Uniontown, to sell the parsonage.

Incorporating the Union Club and Opera House Company, Pittsburgh.

Authorizing the Grand Lodge of Masons of Pennsylvania to borrow money.

The following House bills passed finally:

Relieving Captain Simon P. Townsend, late Brigade Inspector of Armstrong county.

Regulating medical practice in York, Lancaster, Erie, Crawford, Adams, Bucks, Northampton, Lehigh and Armstrong counties.

Extending Allegheny county livery stable law to Venango county.

Declaring Woodcock Creek, Crawford county, a public highway.

Authorizing the Burgess and Council of Freeport, Armstrong county, to vacate a bayou or eddy and connect Todd's Island with the borough by a permanent causeway.

Incorporating the Spring Valley Police Company of Crawford county.

Incorporating the East Sandy Pipe Company, Venango.

Changing the place of holding elections in Concord township, Butler county.

Preventing hunting deer with dogs in Washington county.

Authorizing parties in the Fourteenth ward to make special terms for gas with the Pittsburg Gas Company.

Authorizing the Cambria Iron Company to maintain a bridge over the Conemaugh river.

Legalizing election in Cornplanter township, Venango county.

THE GERMAN LANGUAGE.

A bill allowing German teaching in Allegheny and other counties, when one third of the parents and guardians request it, was ordered on the public calendar, on a point of order raised by Mr. Strang.

INTERPRETER APPOINTED.

Ernest G. Krehan was appointed today by the Governor as interpreter of the Allegheny County Courts.

CHICAGO.

Serious Railroad Accident—River Casualty—Wife Murderer Imprisoned for Life—Benzine Accident—Fire in Crosby's Opera House—Attempt to Lynch a Murderer—Poisoning Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, March 30.—Another frightful accident occurred on the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railroad, at half-past twelve o'clock this morning, just east of Eureka. The eastern bound freight train, while crossing a bridge three hundred feet long, at or near that place, was thrown from the track by a broken rail. The engine was pitched from the bridge, turning completely over in its descent, and alighting on its wheels. Nine cars were detached and badly damaged. The engineer, W. W. Morgan, of Peoria, was instantly killed. The fireman, Corroy, was severely injured, so much that but slight hopes are entertained of his recovery. Morgan leaves a wife and two children; his wife is at present sick. Seventy-five feet of the bridge was torn away, and the whole thing, train, bridge and road, are a fearful wreck.

On Monday evening, a skiff containing Fred. S. Potter and his son, a lad eleven years old, and James Raymond, was capsized in the Illinois river, a short distance above the city. They held on to the boat and were rescued at the ferry in time to save the men, but the boy was past recovery, more from the effects of the cold than by drowning.

The trial of John R. Feller, for the murder of his wife, in Tama county, Iowa, in 1866, was concluded yesterday in the District Court at Madison. The jury found the prisoner guilty of murder in the second degree, and he was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Mrs. John Launcer was burned to death at Appleton, a few days since, while attempting to fill a lamp from a can of benzine.

About half-past eight this morning a fire was discovered in the second story of Crosby's building, occupied as a servants' sleeping room by the proprietors of the St. James Hotel, immediately adjoining Crosby's Opera House. The flames spread with great rapidity, and it was at one time feared that the Opera House and St. James Hotel might fall victims to the devouring flames; but by the activity of the Fire Department such a calamity was arrested. The actual damage by fire amounts to about $20,000. The victims are: Messerve & Libby, proprietors of the St. James, $1,000; Spear, Prince & Holbrook, carpet dealers, about $15,000, and C. W. & E. Pardidge, small. Spear, Holbrook & Co. are insured as follows: Fireman's, Baltimore, $2,500; Washington, Baltimore, $2,500; Union, Baltimore, $2,500; Home, New York, $5,000; Fireman's, New York, $4,500; New Amsterdam, New York, $2,500; Beekman, New York, $4,500; Lamar, New York, $2,500, and in another Baltimore Company, $2,500. Total, $29,000.

A special to the *Tribune*, from Morris, Illinois, says the grand jury of Grundy county have found a true bill of indictment against Abraham Hewitt for the murder of Mrs. Hess and her child, and he was to day arraigned. His counsel immediately applied for a change of venue, which was granted, and the case sent to Will county. On account of the excitement it was deemed best to remove the prisoner at once to Joliet. He was taken from the jail in an omnibus, and as the officers were about removing him from the omnibus to the cars an effort was made by a mob to take him from the officers and lynch him. The officers and the prisoner's attorneys immediately drew their revolvers and kept the mob at bay until Hewitt was locked in the cars and the train moved off.

Dr. Searmba, who has been held a prisoner for some time, charged with poisoning Jacob Becker in his barber shop, in this city, has been discharged, District Attorney Reed failing to find any evidence which would convict the prisoner.

The Freshet in New York—Dangers of an Extraordiary Flood.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., March 30.—The Mohawk is clear from Scoharie creek east to about two miles west of here. Above the creek the ice is still in the river. Two miles west of here the ice has formed a dam, and the water is as high as was ever known. It is overflowing the flats on the south side and several farm houses are under water. Four miles west of here the water is six feet deep in the road, rendering it utterly impassible.

ROCHESTER, March 30.—There is considerable excitement in this city and along the Genesee Valley above in consequence of the rise of the river. The ordinary high water mark has been reached and the river is still rising. Telegrams from above to-day say there is danger of an extraordinary flood.

ALBANY, March 30.—The river in front of the city is comparatively clear of ice, but above and below the city the ice is firmly lodged. It has accumulated largely just above the railroad bridge. As yet, very little damage has been done here, and the water is not remarkably high.

Accident on Central Pacific Railroad.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—A dispatch from Verdi states two engines of the Central Pacific Railroad ran off the track beyond Elko. Fourteen cars were smashed, a conductor, two engineers, two firemen and three brakemen killed. The railroad buildings of the same company at Truckee were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, fifty thousand dollars.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Flour dull and nominal at $4,50@5,50. Wheat—sales good shipping alongside ship at $1,60; market quiet at $1,45@1,65.

Horrible Affair—A Husband Chops His Wife and Children to Pieces and Then Drowns Himself.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—Mr. Blackstone, of the firm of Funsten & Blackstone, picture frame makers, yesterday morning chopped his wife and two children to pieces with an ax and then drowned himself in the Delaware river. On his body was a paper stating that he had been robbed and was a ruined man, and giving this as a reason for his murderous acts. He was probably insane.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

[FIRST SESSION.]

SENATE: Supplementary Currency Bill—Indian Appropriation Bill. HOUSE: Conference Committee on Tenure-of-Office Bill Agreed to—Bill Amendatory of Whisky and Tobacco Tax Law Passed—Resolution to Adjourn April 6th Adopted.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 30, 1869.

SENATE.

Mr. WILSON reported a joint resolution for the payment of pensions in person and not through attorneys or claim agents. Laid over.

The bill continuing the Freedmen's hospitals at Richmond, Vicksburg and in the District of Columbia was passed.

Mr. WILLEY introduced a joint resolution exempting West Virginia from the act restricting the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims.

Mr. ANTHONY introduced a bill authorizing a contract with certain parties to transport European mails. Referred to Postoffice Committee.

Mr. KELLOGG introduced a bill granting land for a railroad and telegraph from the Central Pacific Railroad to Colorado River; also, a joint resolution distributing the rank and number of Government employes among the several States and Territories. Referred to Retrenchment Committee.

Mr. NORTON moved to take up the House bill to grant the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad.

Mr. ABBOTT thought the bill ought to be referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroad.

Mr. CONKLING objected to the consideration of the bill at this time, first, because he had been informed that there were objections to it which would be best examined by a Committee; and second, because it was not one of the measures which the majority of the Senate had agreed should be considered at this session.

Mr. HOWARD urged a reference of the bill to the Committee on Pacific Railroad. It involved, he said, many important questions, one of them being the question whether there really is a Memphis and El Paso Railroad in existence.

The discussion continued until the expiration of the morning hou, which brought up, as unfinished business, the Supplementary Currency bill.

Mr. HARLAN moved to postpone this and all prior orders, and proceed to the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. Lost—yeas 23, nays 30.

The pending amendment to the supplementary currency bill was that offered by Mr. POOLE, when the bill was last up, but at the request of Mr. SHERMAN he withdrew it.

Mr. SHERMAN then offered an amendment to the fourth section, providing that on the redistribution of banking circulation the requisition shall commence with banks having an excess of circulation exceeding one million dollars, in States having an excess of circulation, and having withdrawn one-third of the excess above a million, shall proceed *pro rata* with banks having a circulation exceeding one hundred thousand dollars. He said he had consulted the Secretary of the Treasury and Comptroller of the Currency, who favored the course provided for in the amendment, which was designed to relieve smaller banks in States from which circulation was to be drawn.

Mr. FESSENDEN said he did not like the amendment as well as the original bill.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. POOL then offered an amendment to the amendment offered some days since by Mr. Wilson, providing that in the consideration of banking privileges granted by the National currency act the United States bonds which shall hereafter be deposited in the Treasury as pledge under the provisions of this law, shall, during the time they remain therein, bear interest at the rate of only three per cent., and that the bonds already so deposited as a pledge shall, after the 1st of January, 1870, bear interest only at the rate of three per cent. during the time they remain therein.

In support of this amendment Mr. POOL addressed the Senate at length. In the course of his remarks he spoke of the national currency act as an unjust law, and commenting upon the remarks of Mr. Fessenden in the last debate on the pending bill, said they indicated unfriendliness to Southern States.

Mr. FESSENDEN denied that he entertained any such feeling. The record would show that throughout the whole period of reconstruction he had voted for every measure calculated to put the people of the South in as favorable a position as that which they occupied before the war; but the representatives of those States ought to remember that it was the action of their States that brought about the condition of things out of which arose this inequality of banking capital, of which they now complain.

Mr. COLE declared himself in favor of reducing the interest on bonds deposited in the Treasury as security for National Banks. It was time that the claim of bondholders for special privileges, on the ground that they lent the Government money in its need, should cease. They had undoubtedly lent the money to the Government, but they had been careful to receive ample security and to bargain for usurious interest.

After further discussion, and the adoption and rejection of several amendments, the bill passed in the following form:

The first section provides that every National Banking Association selected as a depository of public monies shall deposit United States bonds with the Treasurer of the United States, as security for such deposits, and whenever the public monies deposited in such Association shall exceed ninety per centum of the par value of bonds so held by the Treasurer as security, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer forthwith, by draft or otherwise, to reduce the amount of such deposits to a sum not exceeding ninety per centum of the bonds deposited; penalties are provided for bribery.

Section two provides that liquidating banks shall take up their bonds within ninety days, in default of which they shall be sold at public auction in the city of New York.

Section three provides for salaries for receivers of National Banking Associations, to be paid from the assets of the banks.

Section fourth is as follows: That to secure a better distribution of national banking currency, there may be issued circulating notes to Banking Associations organized in the States and territories having a less banking circulation than their *pro rata*, as herein set forth; their circulation herein authorized shall within one year, if required, be withdrawn, as herein provided, from banks organized in the States having a circulation exceeding that provided for by the act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled an act to provide for a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved March 3d, 1865, but the amount to be so withdrawn shall not exceed thirty millions of dollars, and the rate of distribution for one hundred and fifty millions of their circulation authorized by law shall be according to the population, and the remaining one hundred and fifty millions shall be according to the value of all property, real and personal, within such States and territories, the same to be ascertained by the Secretary of the Treasury; the Comptroller of the Currency shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, make a statement showing the amount of circulation in each State and the amount to be retired by each bank in accordance with this section, and shall, when circulation is required, make a requisition for such amount upon such banks, commencing with banks having a circulation exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, in States having an excess of circulation, and withdrawing one-third of their circulation in excess of one million of dollars, and then proceeding *pro rata* with banks having circulation exceeding one hundred thousand dollars in States having the largest excess of circulation, and reducing the circulation of banks in States having a smaller proportion, until those in greater excess have been reduced to the same grade, and continuing thus to make the reduction provided for by this act until the full amount of thirty millions herein provided shall be withdrawn and shall be distributed among the States and territories having less than their proportion, so as to equalize the distribution of such circulation among such States and Territories upon the basis provided by this act, and upon failure of such bank to return the amount so required within ninety days after requisition, it shall be the duty of the Comptroller of the Currency to sell at public auction, having given twenty days' notice in a newspaper printed in Washington city and New York city, an amount of bonds deposited by said bank as security for its circulation equal to the circulation to be withdrawn from such bank, and with the proceeds to redeem so many of the notes of such bank as they come in the Treasury as will equal the amount required from it, and shall pay the balance to such banks; provided, that the circulation herein authorized shall be issued only as circulation is withdrawn, so that the aggregate of circulation shall not at any time exceed three hundred millions of dollars.

Section five provides that any banking association, located in any State having more than its proportion of circulation may be removed to any State having less than its proportion of circulation, under such rules and regulations as the Comptroller of the Currency, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may require.

On motion of Mr. HARLAN, the Senate took up the Indian Appropriation bill, and then, at 8:10, went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The appointment of a Conference Committee on the Tenure-of-Office bill by the Senate was announced.

Mr. BUTLER asked unanimous consent to it, but Mr. BROOKS objected.

The bill renewing Miller's patent improvement for surface condensers for steam engines passed; also, the bill for the reissue of Atkin's self raker patent; also, for Clark's fastenings for hay and manure patent.

The bill reviving Hoe's improvement in printing press for seven years and certain restrictions was supported by Mr. Jenckes, and at the expiration of the morning hour went over until to-morrow.

The House then proceeded to business on the Speaker's table, and took up the Senate message asking a Committee of Conference on the Tenure-of-Office bill.

Mr. BUTLER, of Mass., moved to agree to the request for a Committee of Conference.

Mr. SCHENCK moved the House recede from the disagreement to the Senate amendment, which motion, he remarked, had precedence over every other motion.

Mr. WOODWARD moved the House insist on its disagreement.

The vote was first taken on Mr. Schenck's motion to recede, and resulted: yeas 60, nays 136.

The House then voted to insist on disagreement and to agree to a Committee of Conference.

Subsequently the SPEAKER appointed as such Committee Messrs. Butler, Mass., Washburne, Wis., and Bingham.

The following is the vote on Mr. Schenck's motion.

Yeas.—Messrs. Beaman, Beatty, Benton, Bingham, Boles, Burdett, Butler, (Tennessee,) Cessna, Churchill, Cobb, (North Carolina,) Cowles, Dixon, Dockery, Donley, Duval, Ela, Farnsworth, Ferris, Finckle, Frewbury, Fisher, Hawley, Hill, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Jenckes, Ketcham, Knapp, Laflin, Lawrence, Lynch, Maynard, McGrew, Mercur, Moore, (Ohio,) Moore, (New Jersey,) Morrill, (Pennsylvania,) Negley, Packer, Peters, Poland, Pomeroy, Prosser, Sargent, Sawyer, Schenck, Scofield, Shanks, Smith, (Vermont,) Smith, (Iowa,) Stevens, Stokes, Stoughton, Strickland, Taffe, Tillman, Twitchell, Ward, Wheeler, Willard and Williams—60.

Nays—Allison, Ambler, Ames, Archer, Armstrong, Asper, Baily, Banks, Beck, Bennett, Biggs, Bird, Blair, Boyd, Brooks, Buffington, Burr, Butler, (Mass.,) Calkins, Clarke, Cooke, Conger, Cobb, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Dewees, Dickinson, Dyer, Eldridge, Ferry, Fox, Getz, Gilfillan, Galladay, Griswold, Haight, Haldeman, Hale, Hambleton, (Md.,) Hamill, Hawkins, Hay, Heaton, Hoge, Hoar, Holman, Hopkins, Johnson, Jones, (N. C.,) Jones, (Ky.,) Judd, Julian, Kerr, Lash, Logan, Loughbridge, Marshall, Mayhan, M'Carthy, M'Cormick, M'Neely, Moffatt, Moore, (Ind.,) Morgan, Morrill, (Me.,) Mungen, Niblack, O'Neil, Orth, Packard, Payne, Palmer, Phelps, Porter, Randall, Reading, Reeves, Rice, Rogers, Roots, Shumacker, Sheldon, Slocum, Smith, (O.,) Smith, (Tenn.,) Stevens, Stiles, Swann, Sweeney, Tanner, Trimble, Tindel, Upson, Van Auken, Voorhees, Washburne, (Wis.,) Washburne, (Mass.,) Welker, Wells, Whittemore, Wilkinson, Williams, (Ind.,) Wilcher, Wood and Woodward—106.

The Senate bill, in addition to the act of July 27, 1868, removing political disabilities, was passed.

Mr. DAWES offered a concurrent resolution for the final adjournment of this session on April 6th, at 12 o'clock, and said there could be no question of the readiness of both Houses to adjourn at that time and to have finished all necessary business.

The resolution was adopted, without division.

Mr. PAINE, from the Committee on Elections, reported that Jacob P. Reed, claiming a seat from the Third Congressional District of South Carolina, is incompetent to take the oath.

Mr. RANDALL, from the minority of the Committee, assented to the report and produced a bill to remove Mr. Reed's disability. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. INGERSOLL, from the Committee on Roads and Canals, reported a bill authorizing the building of a railroad bridge over the Ohio river at Paducah, Ky., by the Paducah and Gulf Railroad Company, with a span of not less than four hundred feet in the clear over the main channel, and to be a legal structure and postroad.

After some discussion the bill passed.

On motion of Mr. BUTLER, Massachusetts, the Constitution passed for the State of Texas was ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOOPER called up the motion to reconsider the vote by which, on the 18th inst., the bill to amend the act of July 20th 1868, to impose taxes on distilled spirits and tobacco, was referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

The vote was reconsidered and the bill came before the House for action.

It amends section eight in reference to the ownership of real estate of such distilleries, by allowing in certain cases a bond to be taken. It amends section twenty by providing that in distilleries of a producing capacity of less than one hundred gallons in twenty-four hours, and in which grain or meal is mashed by hand, or without the use of steam, sixty gallons of mash or beer brewed or fermented from grain, shall represent not less than one bushel of grain. It amends section fifty-sixth by extending the time for withdrawing distilled spirits from bonded warehouses until the 20th April, 1870, subject to an additional tax of one per cent. proof gallon per month. It amends section fifty-ninth, designating who shall be regarded as rectifiers. It amends section fifty-seventh by requiring all revenue taxes for packages of tobacco and snuff to be numbered in continued series for each collection district. The second section requires statements of the stock of tobacco, snuff or cigars manufactured prior to the 23d of November, 1868, on which the tax has been paid, but not stamped, to be made within sixty days. The third section requires the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to have suitable special stamps prepared. The fourth section prohibits the withdrawal from bonded warehouses of tobacco, snuff or cigars, unless put up in packages and stamped.

Mr. HOOPER explained the provisions of the bill.

A discussion took place in reference to the provisions concerning cigars, participated in by Messrs. Hooper, Allison, Butler, Mass., Stevens and Judd.

Mr. ALLISON moved to strike out the paragraph in reference to the withdrawal of distilled spirits from bonded warehouses, and argued in advocacy of his motion.

The discussion on that subject was participated in by Messrs. Kelly, Butler, Logan, Garfield and others.

Mr. LOGAN declared that the proposition extending the time for withdrawing whisky from bonded warehouses was in the interest of the whisky ring, and robbing the government of millions of dollars; that the attorney of the ring in Washington, a man named Boyd, was furnished with plenty of money.

Mr. KELLEY favored the proposition, and gave the reason why it should be adopted.

Mr. BUTLER desired the House to be very careful how it passed the bill, because, in relation to cigar stamps, forged stamps could now be procured in New York at two dollars the thousand, costing only a little more when filled up, and which were very difficult to detect. He distributed some specimens of forged stamps among the members.

Mr. SCHENCK opposed the proposition and expressed himself in favor of requiring the withdrawal of the whisky, so that those bonded warehouses should be closed up. The tobacco stamps had been printed in a coarse way, and on coarse paper, so if not largely counterfeited they might easily be. He believed the government was losing revenue largely on that account by tobacco stamps, being almost worthless. This bill contained a remedy for that, and therefore he was anxious for its passage.

Mr. ARCHER argued in favor of retaining the clause in reference to bonded warehouses and declared that if there were attorneys on the one side of the question, there were also attorneys on the othor, representing the rich distillers, who wanted this provision struck out.

Mr. MUNGEN also argued in favor of retaining the provision.

Mr. ALLISON closed the discussion in favor of striking out the provision and suggested the stamps pronounced counterfeit by Mr. Butler were not counterfeit stamps, but stamps that had been formerly used and were now superseded. If such frauds were committed, he believed they would soon be remedied, now that the gentleman had full reliance in the heads of the Treasury Department and of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

The question was then taken on Mr. Allison's motion to strike out the provision extending the time for withdrawing the whiskey from bonded warehouses, and the provision was struck out—yeas 89, nays 59.

The bill then passed, without division, and the House, at half-past four o'clock, adjourned.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 30, 1869.

BRIDGE COMMISSION.

By direction of the Secretary of War a commission will assemble in New York on the 31st inst., to examine and report upon the subject of a bridge across East river. Generals Wright and Newton and Maj. King compose the commission.

MILITARY CHANGES.

Brevet Colonel Schofield, Major of the Forty-first Infantry, has been relieved from duty in the department of Missouri; Brevet Brigadier General R. C. Drum has been ordered to report for duty to General Meade, at headquarters in the Military Division of the Atlantic.

ONLY ONE NOMINATION.

The President to-day sent only one nomination to the Senate, namely, Chas. S. Hamilton to be Marshal for the District of Wisconsin. General Hamilton was a class-mate of President Grant at West Point, and served during the war principally in the Southwest as Major General.

PLACED ON FILE.

The entire mass of applications for postions under the government, ministers, consuls, &c., have been classified and arranged at the State Department and placed in regular order according to the weight of recommendations appended to each. The appointments will be made from them so as to give the several States their due proportion of them. All due regard is being paid to in strength the Department in all cases.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

The President received several visitors this morning, among them Senators Tipton, Corbett and Robertson.

At the Cabinet meeting to-day all the members were present.

Mr. Halsey has decided to accept the office of Register of the Treasury.

The President sent to the Senate today, in compliance with a resolution, the letter of Secretary Cass giving his reasons for resigning as a member of President Buchanan's Cabinet, and also Buchanan's reply.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.

The testimony before the Senate Committee goes to show that there has been no over issue of government bonds to the Pacific Central Railroad. The bonds were issued in accordance with law and the facts, and after the opinion of Attorney General Evarts had been given to the effect that the Secretary of the Treasury could no longer withhold them, under section eight of act of 1864, authorizing the issue of two-thirds the amount of the bonds on completion of the work in advance of laying the rails. It is also shown that the Union Pacific road is far from being completed to Ogden, as alleged. In the Echo and Weber canons of the Wastach Mountains, thirty miles east of Ogden, there are several miles of temporary track, with grades exceeding two hundred feet to the mile in use, upon which the Union Pacific Railroad Company have received their full quota of bonds, although the road is not built upon the approved line of survey, and two tunnels are still unfinished, one of which will not be completed until the 30th of April, by which time the Central Pacific Railroad will have reached Ogden City.

THE CASE OF TEXAS.

About fifty Texas gentlemen appeared before the Reconstruction Committee this morning. Gov. Hamilton stated the case for the party, which asks to vote upon the new Constitution, and discussed the equal rights and suffrage clauses. Some conversation arose between them and the speaker as to the true meaning of the disfranchisement section, which is copied from the new Constitution of South Carolina. Gov. Hamilton contended that those only can vote who can hold office under the Fourteenth amendment. That interpretation being questioned, and the member from South Carolina having remarked that no one is now a disqualified voter in South Carolina, Gov. Hamilton said, "if that be the interpretation, so much the better." General Butler said "that is explicit enough." Gov. Hamilton then spoke against all disqualification as a permanency. The further hearing was adjourned until Thursday.

FUND APPROPRIATED.

The General Committee who had charge of the inauguration ball held a meeting last evening and resolved to devote the surplus fund to the purchase of Clark Mills' statue of President Lincoln.

GEORGIA CASE.

The General Committee on Reconstruction by a strict party vote decided to report Mr. Butler's Georgia bill.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

LONDON, March 30.—In the draft of the new Spanish Constitution the reign of the king is not limited to eighteen years, as reported. On the contrary, the possession of the crown remains with the king for life and descends to his heir, the period of whose majority is fixed at the eighteenth year.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, March 30.—The steamship Tripoli, from New York, arrived yesterday. The steamship City of Baltimore, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, March 30.—*Evening*—Consols, 93⅛@93¼; Five-Twenties, 83¾; Erie, 24½; Illinois, 96. Petroleum firm at 1s. 1½d. for refined. Common Rosin, 6s. 6d. Turpentine, 31s. 9d. Tallow, 47s. 3d. Sperm oil, 104s. Whale oil, 37s. Calcutta linseed oil, 59s. Sugar quiet at 39s. 9d.

ANTWERP, March 30.—Petroleum easier at 54¼@55½.

FRANKFORT, March 30.—Bonds, 87@87⅛.

LIVERPOOL, March 30.—Cotton active and higher; sales of middling uplands at 12⅜d.; Orleans, 12⅝d. Wheat—sales of 2,000 bus California white at 9s. 3d.; red winter, 9s. 10d. Flour, 23s. 6d. Corn, 20s. 3d. Oats, 3s. 4d. Barley, 5s. Peas, 40s. Pork, 100s. Beef, 90s. Lard, 75s. Cheese, 76s. Bacon, 63s. Common rosin, 5s. 3d. Petroleum, 9s. Tallow, 46s. Linseed oil, 32s. Turpentine, 30s.

PARIS, March 39.—Bourse quiet. Rentes, 70f. 37c.

HAVRE, March 30.—Cotton closed buoyant at 146f. 50c. on spot.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

[From "The Ring and the Book," Robert Browning's new Poem.]

THE BEST DREAMER OF THEM ALL.

A LEGEND OF PETER, JOHN AND JUDAS.

The three, held greatest, best and worst of men,
Peter and John and Judas, spent a day
In toil and travel through the country-side;
Foot-sore and hungry, dropping with fatigue,
They reached by nightfall a poor lonely grange,
Hostel or inn: so, knocked and entered there.
"Your pleasure, great ones?"—shelter, rest and food!"
For shelter, there was one bare room above;
For rest therein, three beds of bundled straw;
For food, one wretched starveling fowl, no more—
Meat for one mouth, but mockery for three.
"You have my utmost." How should supper serve?
Peter broke silence. "To the spit with fowl!"
And while 'tis cooking, sleep!—since beds there be,
And, so far, satisfaction of a want.
Sleep we an hour, awake at supper-time.
Then each of us narrate the dream he had,
And he whose dream shall prove the happiest, point
The clearliest out the dreamer as ordained
Beyond his fellows to receive the fowl,
Him let our shares be cheerful tribute to,
His the entire meal, may it do him good!"
Who could dispute so plain a consequence?
So said, so done; each hurried to his straw.
Slept his hour's sleep and dreamed his dream, and woke.
"I," commenced John, "dreamed that I gained the prize
We all aspire to: the proud place was mine,
Throughout the earth and to the end of time
I was the Loved Disciple: mine the meal!"
"But I," proceeded Peter, "dreamed, a word
Gave me the headship of our company,
Made me the Vicar and Vice-regent, gave
The keys of Heaven and Hell into my hand,
And o'er the earth, dominion: mine the meal!"
"While I," submitted in soft undertone
The Iscariot—sense of his unworthiness
Turning each eye up to the inmost white—
With long-drawn sigh, yet letting both lips smack
"I have had just the pitifullest dream
That ever proved man the meanest of his mates,
And born foot-washer and foot-wiper, nay
Foot-kisser to each comrade of you all!
I dreamed I dreamed; and in that mimic dream
(Impalpable to dream as dream to fact)
Methought I meanly chose to sleep no wink
But wait until I heard my brethren breathe;
Then stole from couch, slipped noiseless to the door,
Slid down stairs, furtively approached the hearth,
Found the fowl duly brown, both back and breast,
Hissing in harmony with the cricket's chirp,
Grilled to a point; said no grace but fell to,
Nor finished till the skeleton lay bare.
In penitence for which ignoble dream,
Lo, I renounce my portion cheerfully!
Fie to the flesh—be mine the ethereal gust,
And yours the sublunary sustenance!
See, that whate'er be left, ye give to the poor!"
Down the two scuttled, one on other's heel,
Stung by a fell surmise: and found, alack,
A goodly savor, both the drum-stick bones,
And that which henceforth took the appropriate name
O' the merry-thought, in memory of the fact
That to keep wide awake is our best dream.

EPHEMERIS.

—Lynchburg has a madstone.

—Gold has been discovered in Texas.

—Richmond is to have colored policemen.

—Eight-day watches are the present novelties.

—Alaska is now said to have 50,000 inhabitants.

—Fast day in New England comes the 8th of April.

—200,000 toy drums are made every year in Paris.

—The new Postoffice in Boston will cost $1,872,000.

—Wisconsin rivers are, many of them, clear of ice.

—San Francisco expects Tostee and Irma out there.

—Philadelphia's crop of soldier organ grinders is smaller.

—New Orleans is to have a new 10,000 spindle cotton factory.

—Tennessee thinks of paying off her State debt by a lottery.

—Susan Galton plays at several places in Wisconsin this week.

—A patent-medicine man has the largest income in Louisville.

—Petroleum V. Nasby thinks he is not to be Postmaster at Toledo.

—Delmonico pays $27,500 a year rent for his Fifth avenue establishment.

—The Hoosac tunnel is not bored two-fifths of the whole way through yet.

—In Georgia alone, there are more than sixteen thousand Free Masons.

—Rat soup is one of the delicacies of the Chinese restaurants in San Francisco.

—Four hundred and fifty-two students are in attendance at the University of Virginia.

—The snow in the White Mountains is said to be 1,000 feet deep in Tuckerman's ravine.

—Clara Louise Kellogg is about to give a concert for the benefit of the Cuban insurgents.

—The Boston *Post* finds it singular that Lotta's break-downs are her greatest successes.

—P. T. Barnum is lecturing on the Velocipede—that is, the bicycle is the subject of his lecture.

—It is moving-time just now, and even the heavens for the past two days have been moved to tears.

—A lot of freight cars now being built in Illinois bear the legend "From Ocean to Ocean—no transfer."

—A Massachusetts State Senator is reported to have said "our forefathers were gifted with striking aboriginality.

—Toledo, tired of waiting for the future when she is to be the metropolis of the world, wants a boulevard at once.

—In the item of clothes Maine is extravagant. Every convict in the States prison receives seven dollars' worth every year.

—New York has a machine that hatches out one chicken per hour. If another to lay the eggs can be invented hens may be abolished.

—An exchange says "though a brave and defiant class, our Fire Department proverbially gets alarmed at every conflagration."

—Mosby has bought a farm in Virginia and will probably let his old habits run to seed. We hope he wont plant them afterwards.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton rather blasphemously observes that she has vowed never to go disfranchised into the Kigdom of Heaven.

—A Southern preacher has found out that the "forbidden fruit" which brought Eve and her spouse to grief, was tobacco. We would suggest rye.

—A considerate thief in San Francisco pawns such of his plunder as possesses a personal value, and returns the tickets to his victims with a polite note.

—We hear from New England that wooden eggs are a Pennsylvania product. This is evidently Connecticut trying to get a parallel for her wooden nutmegs.

—An exchange gives a curious account of a fight between a mastiff and a cow. It terminated in the cowardly retreat of the dog before the dogged advance of the cow.

—Bismarck's vest is said to be bullet-proof. This is probably a malicious rumor circulated by his enemies in the hope that the next assassin will shoot him in the head.

—Two thousand young men of Frankfort-on-the Main have taken out naturalization papers as Swiss citizens, rather than be subject to the Prussian military conscription.

—Poor Tom Thumb is said to drink too much for his health and reputation. A Kentucky paper thinks Mrs. Thumb may find consolation in the fact that he can't hold as much as other men.

—Billiardists in New York announce a radical change in the system of counting the game. All carom shots are to count three, whether upon the two reds, or upon a red and white ball.

—Mrs. Cady Stanton's paper says its "mission is to turn everything inside out, upside down and wrongside before." Such being the case, the *Revolution* can scarcely be congratulated on its success.

—Iowa has gone into the cashmere business. A drove of Cashmere goats recently arrived in Taylor county. New York hasn't many Cashmere goats, but has instead plenty of mere cash bulls and bears.

—The present English War Minister dissents from the hitherto universally held opinion that veterans, or old soldiers, are more desirable than new recruits, and no inducements are to be held out for them to re-enlist. Raw recruits will be preferred.

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal* is exceedingly dissatisfied with the appointment of Miss Van Lew to the Richmond Postoffice, on the ground that she is decidedly unpopular with the people of Richmond, because of her notorious sympathy with the Federal cause. Well, we're sorry, but—which side won in the late unpleasantness.—*Chicago Republican.*

APRIL MODES.

[From the Boston Post.]

NEW SPRING BONNETS.

Last season gave us the small, high and stylish bonnets which are reproduced this season, and find universal favor. There is no increase in size, and little variation in shape—all the efforts of the artistes are directed to giving it an appearance of height by puffs, by the elevation of the small brim by a coroneted arrangement of the trimming and by the ornaments, which invariably form a kind of floral aigrette on one side. To form these coquettish little head-dresses, a more flexible material is required than straw, and therefore straw is very little used.

ROUND HATS.

The new round hats are more varied in form than the bonnets. The high "Cavalier" hats have turned up in a still higher, more conical and brigandish form and are now called the "Brigand," The *bouquets* are more modest, more generally becoming and more popular. The "Musard" and the "Vauban" are the latest of these and are very pretty. The coquettish "Jardiniere" has changed its form somewhat and is bent on three sides only, the back being left straight. These hats are very becoming to young girls.

SKIRTS.

As the spring advance there is a general revival of hoop skirts. Short thick dresses and even long trailed dresses made in solid materials can be worn without hoops, though the former flaps about the heels, and both are uncomfortable The spring style of hooped skirts has fortunately done much to restore them to favor; they are adapted more nearly than ever before to the exact want of the feminine community. The latest one is the "Modeste." It has no springs in front, except at the bottom of the skirt and is only seventy-two to seventy-five inches round. It is found most admirable to wear with short walking dresses, the increase in the size being hardly perceptible, and the action perfectly natural and easy in sitting down; in fact there is all the comfort of the hoop skirt without any of its former obtrusiveness. There are several other new skirts, some arranged with a moderate bustle, others without; but they are all small or extremely moderate in size, and made entirely without the spring or trail at the back, which, in wearing, was found so impractical and even dangerous.

White skirts are made in two different ways; one is narrow at the top with a deep flounce attached; the other is gored front and sides, made full in the back like a dress skirt, and tucked or trimmed with fluted frills around the bottom. White skirts for short dresses are hemmed, or tucked and embroidered, or braided, the braiding or embroidery always above the hem. Covers for the lower part of the hoop skirts are convenient, sensible and economical, with the present shape of hoop. They can be made of a straight piece of muslin, edged with cambric ruffling, adjusted by laying a pleat here and there and fastened with tapes.

One word more about hoops. It has been popular with men to rail against them; but if they knew what would conduce to the real interest and welfare of their wives and daughters they would sustain them, especially now that they have become modest, sensible, convenient and economical. To health they are really essential so long as women wear skirts, as without them they are condemned either to the weight of numerous white skirts or petticoats clinging to their ankles, and which are antagonistic to personal freedom and pleasant out-door exercise.

FLOUNCES.

All kinds of flounces are permitted, wide, narrow, broad, hemmed, pleated and gathered. For woolen or mixed woolen materials the plaited flounces are the best, and also for heavy silks, but for thin goods and for summer silks and foulards, narrow flounces, pinked out and gathered, are the prettiest. It is fashionable this season again to flounce the dresses to the waist. Gray English barege is neatly edged with black ribon velvet, but there are fine striped and light chene silks which may be pinked out on the edge, and require neither binding nor trimming. For this class of silk, *Marie Antoinette* scarfs will be employed to complete suits and trimmed to match the skirt.

OVER-DRESSES.

These are found so useful that they are not likely to be very quickly relinquished; they dress up an old silk, or a plain white or black suit wonderfully, and furnish changes which are found exceedinly useful in these days of perpetual dressing and parties. There are several ways of making over-dresses, one of which is the "Pompadour" or high dress style; another is the "Natalie," or peasant style; and the third, and most useful, the "Patti," or simple skirt looped up at the sides, with wide bow behind and bretelles crossing the shoulders. The "Patti" is prettiest made of silk and trimmed with ruffles. The "Natalie" may be made of white muslin and trimmed with lace or ruffles, or of satin and trimmed with satin quiling reversed, or with lace and satin folds or piping.

The Pompadour over-dress is made high, but is cut out square, back and front, and filled in with lace. The sleeves may be of puffed lace, or cut to the elbow and trimmed with lace. Another dress, of blue silk, may be worn with a white dress or black silk dress, or pearl gray, in thick or thin material. An over-dress of black silk may be worn with a black skirt, with a colored silk skirt of almost any kind, with a white dress, with gray poplins, and utilized for a checked Japanese walking dress, or a short black silk suit.

POWDER.

There is a rage for powder on the hair which must soon wear itself out. All kinds of powder are used. The yellow powder and the diamond powder are the most fashionable. Powdered isinglass is used for diamond powder, and is not only as brilliant but less dangerous than the genuine article. It can be bought by the ten cent's worth at a paint shop, but is put up in small boxes for twenty-five and fifty cents by fashionable hair-dressers.

HAIR.

The extent to which the wearing of false hair has been carried almost exceeds belief. The puffed *chignon* is much larger than ever, and has half-a-dozen curls attached which fall over the centre. In addition, long side-curls are worn and heavy braids crossing the head like a coronet. The greatest evil of the false hair business is that it perpetuates itself. Constant crimping and heat occasioned by wearing a mass of stuff upon the head, destroys the natural hair, and will make women prematurely bald, and false hair a necessity, instead of an appendage.

ORNAMENTS FOR THE HAIR.

Few ornaments are worn in the hair, and these altogether flowers. Bands, beads, made head-dresses and the like, have disappeared, and instead broad plain bands of shell are worn like a coronet, with a pink crushed rose or a wreath or light cordon of leaves intermixed with small flowers. Fancy combs have gone out entirely. The quantity of hair is considered a sufficient ornament and as little addition is used as possible.

MOURNING FASHIONS.

Several remarkable changes have taken place within the past few years, which has exercised a great influence upon the fashions for mourning, and upon the demand for mourning goods. In the first place, *black* has become so fashionable for general wear, and in the second place a public opinion has been created which discourages the use of black as mourning. The consequence is that while black is more worn than ever, *mourning* is much less worn than formerly, and it is in so depressed a state that the mourning stores have suffered from it, and no longer exhibit the activity and enterprise in devising novelties and varying the dullness of crape and bombazine or crape and merino. The distinctive feature of very deep mourning formerly was the long, thick crape veil. This is an impossible adjunct to the fashionable little bonnet, and has therefore almost disappeared, only occasionally is it seen attached to a solid bonnet covering the back hair and worn by some old-fashioned widow from the Provinces. Mourning, minus the long crape veil and plus the general air of coquetry which belongs to the styles of the period, becomes a very mild affair, and no wonder it has fallen into discredit.

JENNIE JUNE.

CUBAN AFFAIRS AND STATISTICS.

Dispatches from the Consul General at Cuba, represent the condition of affairs as unchanged. Considerable vigilance is required to protect American citizens and their property from the interference of the Spanish authorities. It is by no means certain yet how the insurrection will terminate. The Spanish authorities seem to be confident, sustained as they are by troops and supplies from Spain; while the Insurgents are receiving large accessions from native Cubans, and from outside parties landing at points where they can readily communicate with them.

The census of Cuba is taken every ten years, the last being taken in 1862, the population that year numbering 1,500,000. Of these 600,000 were negroes, and 900,000 white. Of the white population but 150,000, including the army and the women and children, were Spaniards; the remaining 750,000 being natives of the isle. Of these latter 325,000 were women, 115,000 children and aged persons, and 210,000 able bodied men, capable of bearing arms. Of the 600,000 negroes, it is confidently expected that 50,000 at least are able to fight with the insurgent army. In 1862, the productions of the island amounted to $366,000,000; the taxes to $37,750,000; the exports to $57.400,000; imports to $43,400,000; making a total of exports and imports of $100,000,000. The present trade amounts to over $70,000,000 per annum. The value of the rural wealth, 1852, was $281,000,000; wealth of towns and cities, $129,000,000; and the wealth of industry and commerce, $374,000,000. The same year the sugar production was valued at $63,000,000, tobacco crop at $15,000,000, other productions at $52,000,000. From these few statistics may be had some idea of the great importance of Cuba and the tenacity with which the Spaniards have held to it, and the determination they are evincing in the midst of their dissensions at home, to yet cling to the faithful isle.

THE Republicans of Bedford county are delighted with the Crawford County System, its test having proved immensely successful.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
GOOD BARGAINS!!
AT 18¾ CENTS,
NEW SPRING STYLES
IN
LIGHT DELAINES.
AT 12½ CENTS,
BEST CALICOES, New Styles.
AT 12½ CENTS,
Extra Yard Wide Muslins.
NEW SPRING
DRESS GOODS,
IN
Desirable Colors and Materials.
HEAVY BLACK DRESS SILK.
NEW CASSIMERES.
Table Linens and Napkins.
SHEETING
AND
PILLOW CASE MUSLINS.
CARPETS! CARPETS!
AT
VERY LOW PRICES.
Large additions of NEW GOODS purchased in New York within the last few days.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
NO. 180 AND 182
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
mh27

GAS FIXTURES
WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.
SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently
LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
SECOND ARRIVAL
OF
New Spring Goods.
EMBROIDERIES.
A FULL LINE
In Jaconet, Hamburg and Swiss.
WHITE GOODS,
At the Lowest Prices.
FRINGES,
IN ALL STYLES AND COLORS.
LACE COLLARS, new style,
SILK SCARFS, for ladies,
CORSETS, in white and colored,
VALENCIENNES AND THREAD,
Cluney and Maltese Laces.
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Jockey, Dickens and Derby Collars.
WHITE STAR SHIRTS,
COTTON HOSIERY
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 and 80 Market Street.
mh26:

DRY GOODS
AT COST,
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.
TO CLOSE STOCK.
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS,
87 MARKET STREET.
de23

SODA ASH.—100 casks, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

NEW ASSORTMENTS
Just Opened.
Hats and Bonnets,
Flowers and Ribbons,
Edgings and Insertions,
Hamburg Embroideries,
Lace Collars,
Lace Handkerchiefs,
Hoop Skirts,
Corsets,
Ladies Underwear,
Rufflings,
Trimmings,
Gloves and Hosiery,
Nainsook Muslins,
Jaconet Muslins,
Swiss Muslins,
Balmoral Skirts,
Felt Skirts,
Linen Bosoms,
Collars, Cuffs, &c., &c.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 AND 182
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.

DRY GOODS.
54. 54.
KITTANNING
EXTRA HEAVY
BARRED FLANNEL,
A VERY LARGE STOCK,
NOW OFFERED,
IN GOOD STYLES.
M'ELROY,
DICKSON
& CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
54
WOOD STREET.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
AT EASTERN PRICES,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
CARPETS
200 PIECES
BODY BRUSSELS.
425 PIECES
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
450 PIECES
3-ply and 2-ply Ingrain.
The above includes all the Newest Styles and Designs, and are now in Store and arriving, to be sold
LOW FOR CASH,
AT
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO'S
23 Fifth Avenue.
mh27

NEW CARPETS.
A STOCK
UNRIVALLED
IN THIS MARKET.
We simply request a comparison of
Prices, Styles and Extent of Stock.
The largest assortment of low priced goods in any establishment, East or West.
McCALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
(ABOVE WOOD.)
mh12

CARPETS.
We are now receiving our Spri
Stock of Carpets, &c., and are pi
pared to offer as good stock and
as low prices as any other hous
in the Trade. We have all the
new styles of Brussels Tapestry,
Brussels, Three Plys and Two Plys.
Best assortment of Ingrain Carpets
in the Market.
BOYARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
mh2:d&wT

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS
Have Now Open Their
New Spring Stock
OF
Fine Carpets,
ROYAL AXMINSTER,
TAPESTRY VELVET,
English Body Brussels.
The Choicest Styles ever offered in this Market. Our Prices are the LOWEST.
A SPLENDID LINE OF
CHEAP CARPETS.
Good Cotton Chain Carpets
AT
25 CENTS PER YARD.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
(SECOND FLOOR.)
mh6

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.
HARTMAN & LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street. Sole Manufacturers of Warren's Felt Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for sale.
ja5:30

DRUGGISTS.
HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines.
ja5:29

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
TUESDAY, March 30, 1869. }

The markets, in a general way, are giving some slight evidence of an improvement, and it is thought that better times are near at hand. For some articles there is an improved demand, while others are dull and neglected, but, as a general thing, there is no accumulation of stock here of any kind, and it seems to be the policy of business men generally to keep stocks down to as low a point as possible, so that in case of depreciation in value, the loss will not be so heavy. As has been the case all winter, however, the demand for almost everything is confined mainly to supplying immediate wants, and there is an almost entire absence of anything like a speculative feeling.

APPLES—Are coming in more freely, but with a steady demand, prices are maintained, ranging from $4@6 per bbl, as to quality.

APPLE BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged, at 90@$1 per gallon.

BUTTER—Is quiet but steady with a demand and a good supply; sales choice Roll at 45@48.

—In better supply—may be 3,50@$3,75.

HEAT FLOUR—Dull; 3@3¼.

RRIES—Sales at $18@$22.

—Sales of New York Goshen d the market almost bare.

EAL—$1,75@1.85 per cwt.

ARBON OIL—May be quoted at 30 for standard white, in a jobbing wey.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull; sales of peaches at 14 for quarters; 15@16 for mixed and 18@19 for halves. Apples at 10@12, as to quality.

EGGS—The demand was better to-day, and with a very limited supply, we now quote at 27@28.

HAY—Sale 50 tons prime baled, to arrive, at $24.

HOMINY—$6@6,25.

HEMP—Quoted at $220 per ton.

PROVISIONS—The market is steady with a fair jobbing demand, but prices are unchanged. Sales of Bacon at 14½@ for Shoulders; Ribbed Sides, 16¾@17; Clear Sides, 18@18¼, and Sugar Cured Hams 19¾. Steamed Lard, 19¾, kettle rendered, 20@20½. Mess Pork $32,50. Dried Beef 21.

POTATOES—In good local demand with regular sales, in store, at 75@80 per bushel.

PEANUTS—10 cts per pound.

GRAIN—There is little or no inquiry for Wheat and the market is quiet and prices nominal at $1,43@1,45 for No. 1 Spring and $1,55@1,60 for No. 1 Winter. Oats dull and weak with a drooping tendency; we now quote at 64 on track nd wharf and 67@68 in store. Corn also dull but unchanged; sales 500 bushels ime Yellow at 78, delivered. Rye is ll and neglected at $1,40. Barley dull l unchanged at $1,90@2 for prime to ice Spring.

EEDS—There is a very fair demand Clover, with sales at $10@10,50, and nothy at $3.50@3,75. Flaxseed oted at $2,45@2,50.

ALT—Is quiet but steady, and is still oted at $2 by the car load.

SORGHUM—60@65c.

FEATHERS—A shade firmer, and we ow quote live geese feathers at 80 to the rade, and the usual advance in a retail way.

FLOUR — Is steady and a little stronger, but unchanged. Spring Wheat Wheat brands $6,25 to 6,75@7. Winter Wheat $7,50@8. Rye Flour $7,00@7,25. The following are the Pearl Mill prices for their brands of flour made of the best wheat: Pearl Mill three star green brand, in barrels, $9,90 in sacks $9,60; double extra in barrels $9,00, and in sacks at $8,90; Pearl Mill family in barrels, $8,40, and in sacks at $8,00, Spring Wheat brands in barrels $7,30, and in sacks $7,00. The Pittsburgh City Mills prices are as follows: Choice White Winter Wheat Flour, in bbls, $9,30, and sacks $9,00, choice Red Winter Wheat Flour, in bbls, $7,75, and in sacks $7,50; choice Spring Wheat Flour, in bbls, $7,30, and in sacks, $7 per bbl.

WHISKY—Highwines very dull; may be quoted in a jobbing way at 92@93.

LARD OIL—Sales No. 1 at $1,55@1,60, and No. 2, at $1,25@1,28.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Cotton is fully ½c better and is decidedly more active; sales of 6,000 bales, including 1,300 bales in transit at 29@29½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts of 347 barrels. Flour is moderately active, without any decided change in prices; sales 6,000 barrels at $5,75@6,10 for superfine, State and western, $6,40@7 for common and choice extra State, $6,40@7,50 do. for extra western, $7,55@8 for good to choice white wheat extra, $6,60@7,75 for common to choice R. H. O., $7@8,50 for extra St. Louis, $9@12 for good to choice do., closing quiet. Rye Flour is quiet; sales 200 bbls at $5@7,10. Cornmeal is quiet; 400 bbls Canada Flour, in bond, sold at $6,50. Whisky is quiet. Wheat—receipts were 667 bush; winter is very firm and quiet; spring is dull and scarcely so firm; 3,000 bush white California sold at $1,80; 7,500 bush No. 1 spring at $1,55, delivered. Rye is scarce and firmer; sales 3,000 bush State at $1,42½. Barley is heavy; sales 10 000 bush Trieste at $2@2,05. Barley Malt is dull. Corn—the receipts were 19,633 bush; prices were 2@3c better; sales of 5,100 bus at 86@90c for new mixed western, 90@92c for yellow, and 93c for old mixed western delivered. Oats receipts: 3,721 bus: oats firmer and quiet; small sales at 75@77c for western at railroad depot and afloat, and 75c offered and 75½c asked for do in store. Rye dull. Coffee firm at $25,69. Sugar quiet; sales of 400 hhds Cuba at 13@14½c. Molasses dull; sales of 600 hhds New Orleans at 75@76c, and 200 hhds Demara at 56½@59½c. Petroleum dull at 18½c for crude, and 31½@31¾c for refined. Linseed oil steady at $1,00@1,01 in large lots, and $1,03 in small lots. Spirits turpentine firm at 50½@51½c. Pork heavy and drooping; sales of 950 bbls at $31,25@31,50 for new mess, closing at $31,37 cash, $30,75@31,12 for old do, $26@26.25 for prime, $28,75@30 for prime mess, and $33 for clear; also, 250 bbls new mess, seller for May, at $31,75. Beef heavy, with sales 100 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, and $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef dull, with sales 25 tierces at $25@30 for prime mess, and $27@33 for India mess. Beef hams steady, with sales 130 bbls at $25@31. Cut Meats quiet and drooping, with sales 125 packages at 12¾@13¼c for shoulders, and 16½@17c for hams. Dressed Hogs dull at 13¼c for western, and 13¼@14c for city. Middles firm and quiet. Lard a shade easier, with sales 900 tierces at 17¼@18¾c for steam, and 18¾@19¼ for kettle rendered; also, 1,250 tierces steam, seller for April, at 18¾@18¾. Butter quiet at 30@40 for Ohio, and 40@50 for State. Cheese at 18@22c. Freights to Liverpool firmer, with engagements per steamer 15,000 bush corn at 4½d; now held higher.

Latest—Flour closed firm and quiet for all kinds. Wheat quiet, and the market is heavy for spring. Rye steady at $1,40 for western. Oats firm and quiet at 75, offered and 75½, asked, in store. Corn firm at 89@90 for new mixed western and 93@94 for old do. Pork quiet and steady at $31,37½@31,50 for mess, cash and regular. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut Meats and Bacon quiet and steady. Lard quiet at 19¼@19¾ for prime steam. Eggs at 25@29.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Eastern Exchange quiet, at par buying and 1-10 premium selling. Flour more active and firmer, at $5@6,37½ for spring extras. Wheat; No. 1 quiet at $1,16¼@1,20; No. 2 in fair demand and firmer and ¾@¼c higher; sales at $1,12¼@1,15 for regular and fresh receipts, closing at $1,12¼@1,12¾ for regular; sales since change at $1,12¼. Corn more active and ½@¾c higher; sales of new at 54@55¾c and no grade at 53½@54c, closing at 54¼@54¾c for new; sales this afternoon 54½c. Oats in good demand and ½@1c higher; sales at 53@54½c, closing at 53@53½c. Rye steady, firm and quiet, at $1,19 for regular and $1,20½@1,21 for fresh receipts of No. 1, and $1,19 for fresh receipts of No. 2; closing steady at $1.21 for No. 2. Highwines dull and steady at 88c. Sugar, 14@16c for common to choice New Orleans. Molasses $1,00@1,05. Provisions quiet. Mess Pork sold at $30,62½. Lard 18c. Sweet Pickled Hams 15¾@18c. Dry Salted Shoulders 12c; rejected 10¾c. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours—8,682 bbls flour; 12,658 bush wheat; 15,810 bush corn; 6,700 bush oats; 3,427 bush rye; 2,750 bush barley; 616 head hogs. Shipments—10,049 bbls flour; 7,587 bush wheat; 22,308 bush corn; 3,814 bush oats; 4,219 bush rye; 3,135 bush barley; 456 head hogs.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—Tobacco; not much doing and prices unchanged. Cotton; good to ordinary sold at 26½c. Flour very dull with only a local demand; spring super sold at $4,50; spring and fall extra $5@6,50; do double extra $5,40@7,50; treble extra to fancy $7,75@10,25. Wheat held firmly and buyers stand off; low prime to strictly prime red sold at $1,40@1,55; strictly prime and bulk white $1,65; No. 2 spring sold at 1,17½ delivered. Corn firm at 67@71½c sacked, and 63c in bulk. Oats higher at 58@61c. Barley; very little demand; small sales prime Minnesota at $1,80. Rye heavy at $1,25@1,26. Whisky dull and lower at 88½@89c. Pork quiet and firm, with small sales heavy at $33, and extra do $32,25. Bulk Meats; very little doing; sales packed shoulders at 12¾c. and clear sides 16¾c. Bacon dull at 13½c for shoulders, 16¾c for clear rib, and 17¼c for clear sides. Lard dull and heavy; a lot of prime kettle sold at 17½c—a decline, but choice sold in a retail way at 18½c; choice keg 20½c. Receipts—1,615 bbls flour, 1,590 bush wheat, 4,141 bush corn, 1,792 bush oats, 413 bush barley, 767 bush rye.

TOLEDO, March 30.—Flour dull. Wheat; amber 2½c better, with sales at $1,46½; white Michigan regular at $1,45; No. 1 red 2c better at $1,47; market closing quiet. Corn 1c better; market quiet and firm, with sales No. 1 at 68½, and No. 2 at 64½. Oats—No. 1 held at 60c; 59½ bid. Rye steady and unchanged at $1,30 for No. 1. Barley lower, with small sales No. 1 State at $1,75. Receipts, 1,800 bbls flour, 12,900 bush wheat, 18,900 bush corn, 2,400 bush oats, 800 bush rye. Shipments, 2,300 bbls flour, 6,000 bush wheat, 34,300 bush corn, 1,000 bush oats, 300 bush rye.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—Flour and grain unchanged and quiet. Cotton firmer; middlings 27½c. Whisky unchanged and dull at 91c. Provisions quiet and not much demand. Mess pork $31,50@32. Bulk meats dull and holders are asking 12½@14½c, but concessions at ¼c would be made in order to effect sales. Bacon dull and prices nominal. Lard nominally unchanged and held at 18½c. Butter unchanged. Eggs 19c. Sugar and Molasses unchanged and quiet. Gold 131 buying. Exchange firm at par to 50 premium buying, 1-10 premium selling. Money market easy at 8@10 per cent.

CLEVELAND, March 30.—Flour steady and quiet but firmer; city made at $10,25@10,50 for treble extra white, $8,50@8,75 for double extra amber, $7,50@7,75 for double extra red winter, $6,50@6,75 for extra red country made, $7@8 for double extra red and amber, $6,25@7 for double spring, $9@9,50 for double extra white winter wheat; No. 1 red winter held at $1,45, No. 2 do at $1,30. Corn held at 71c. Oats; sales of one car at 60c. Petroleum steadier and quiet; refined held at 30@31c for large lots, small lots 2@3c higher.

BALTIMORE, March 30.—Flour inactive; low and medium grades will bring higher rates. Wheat firm and steady, but prices are unchanged. Corn firm and scarce; white at 81@83c, and yellow at 84@85c. Oats steady and prices unchanged. Rye firm and unchanged. Mess Pork quiet at $32,50. Bacon firm; rib sides at 16¾@17c, clear sides at 17¼@18c, and shoulders at 14¾@15c. Hams at 20@21. Lard firm at 20. Whisky less firm at 94@95.

LOUISVILLE, March 30.—Sales of 386 hhds tobacco; lugs to medium cutting at 4½@15½c. Cotton at 26½c. Flour at $5,50@6. Wheat at $1,40@1,50. Corn at 65c. Oats at 63@65c. Rye at $1,45. Hay at $21. New Orleans sugar and molasses are unchanged. Sales of bacon shoulders at 13¾c, clear rib sides at 16¾c, clear sides at 17¼c. Lard at 18½c. Mess pork at $32. Whiskey at 92c. In bulk meats there is nothing doing.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30—Flour market is firmer and there is more doing; Northwestern extra family, $6,75@7,25; Ohio do. $7@9,50. Wheat has advanced 5c and in good demand; red, $1,60@1,70; amber, $1,80@1,90; white, $1,90. Rye is quiet at $1,45. Corn is dull; mixed western, 83c. Oats unchanged. Petroleum is feverish; crude, 21c: refined, 31c, Provisions and Whisky are unchanged.

BUFFALO, March 30.—Flour—sales 1,000 bbls city ground spring at $6@6,50. Wheat—sales 1 car amber at $1,45. Corn—sales 10 cars new at 75@77c on track. Oats—sales 1 car Chicago on track at 64c. Rye offered at $1,30 for western. Barley—sales 1 car Canada at $1,99 in store. Seeds unchanged. Pork and Lard unchanged. Market generally dull.

DETROIT, March 30.—Flour dull at $7,50@8,00 for good brands. Wheat; choice white scarce and selling to local trade at extreme figure; sales No. 1 at $1,55@1.56 for May buyers, and on spot at $1,74 for extra white; No. 1 $1.55; No. 2 $1,33. Mill Stuffs; coarse middling $22,50; fine do $28. Clover Seed quiet at $9 per bushel.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, March 30.—23 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, J Moorhead; 1 do rye, W J Meek; 900 bbls, 400 sks flour, owner; 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & V; 45 do spirits, Hostetter & Smith; 100 do flour, J M Montgomery; 100 do do, E Hazelton; 100 hides, Chestnut & Co; 10 do whisky, J S Finch; 300 do flour; Shomaker & Langenheim; 100 do do, D Wallace; 25 cases lard, J H Parker; 100 bbls flour, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 100 do do, D Ferguson; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 100 tcs lard, E H Myers & Co; 300 green hides, Hammett & Son; 15 bgs timothy seed, 14 do clover seed, 3 pkgs butter, 11 bbls apples, H Rea Jr; 75 bgs timothy seed, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 50 do do, W W Knox; 56 bdls paper, M'Cullough, Smith & Co; 35 sks rags, Frazier & Metzgar; 18 bbls apples, Woodworth & Davison; 10 tubs butter, W H Graff & Co; 20 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 30 doz brooms, E Hazelton; 30 pkgs woodenware, 1 bbl eggs, Watt, Lang & Co; 14 sks rags, I B Jones; 11 do do, Godfrey & Clark.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, March 30.—14 pkgs leather, Jas Lowe; 6 bbls apples, F G Craighead; 400 sks flour, 24 bgs meal, Geo Stewart; 50 sks oats, 20 do rye, McHenry & Hood; 1 car millfeed, H Schnelback; 1 car ear corn, Scott & Gisal; 1 car oats, Schnelback & Schetoff; 18 sks barley, Meanor & Harper; 1 car corn, J B Campbell; 2 cars staves, W Hastings; 185 hides, J Y McLaughlin; 1 car oats, Brown & Williams; 31 cases tobacco, A Schaub; 6 hhds hams, F Sellers & Co; 7 do do, Dalzell & Townsend; 1 case tobacco, Lindsay & McCune; 1 car corn, A T Ream; 50 bbls highwines, Littell & Mechling; 10 bbls oil, Davis & Chambers; 17 pkgs tobacco, P H McKenna; 5 do do, Pretzfield Bro; 110 bdls brooms, McElroy & Co; 1 car lumber, D S O'Dell; 5 bbls whisky, H McSwiggen; 100 bbls flour, W McCutcheon; 3 cases tobacco, J H Lippincott.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, March 30.—1 car limestone, McQuwan & D; 1 do shingles, Mellon & Bro; 1 do limestone ore, Zug & Co; 1 do do, M'Knight, P & Co; 3 do pig iron, Nimick & Co; 50 bbls oil Spear & Co; 1 car stone, J L Knox; 1 do potatoes, Bricker & Co; 1 do do, Woodworth & D; 6 casks pearls, J M Lindsay; 80 bbls lime, Ecker & Casky; 5 do soap, G D Whitcomb; 10 do potatoes, H Riddle; lot of stoneware, Hinstott & Co; 10 dozen brooms, 6 bbls apples, 1 do fruit, Head & Metzgar; 207 pcs bacon, Robinson & Co; 12 tcs shoulders, Watt, Lang & Co; 10 bxs bacon, J W Drape.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, March 30.—2 cars metal, J Moorhead; 2 do do, M'Knight, Porter & Co; 1 do lime S Reynolds; 1 do grain, W Gates; 17 sks potatoes, J D Strouse; 26 do do, Robb & Herron; 1 car hay, Blaney & Moore; 240 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 320 do do, Geo Ober.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD March 30.—200 kgs nails, J W Cooper; 10 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 1 bbl eggs, Van Gorder & Shepard; 1 kg apple butter, Watt, Lang & Co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI—PER STEAMER ST. MARYS,—112 bales hay, Wm Bingham; 5 bdls rat traps, 6 do riddles, J Brown; 32 plows, J C Bidwell; 100 sks ship stuff, L Cobb; 10 bbls flour, J B Conway & Co; 360 do do Clark & Co; 5 do salt, B L Fahnstock & Co; 128 bales hay, J & W Fairley 15 do hemp, H Gerwig; 18 bbls oil, Hartman & Lare; 30 bbls cement, Hall's Gate & Lock Co; 5 bbls castings, 24 mould boards, 6 plow points, Hall & Spear; 10 bgs hemp seed, W W Knox; 4 bxs, 1 cask grape roots, H P Meuller; 9 hhds tabacco W & D Reinhart; 25 bbls vinegar, C A Shannen; 3 do, 8 sks flaxseed, J W Thursby; 100 oil bbls, C A Wormcastle; 15 bales flax moss, T B Young & Co; 155 sks, 40 bbls potatoes, J Goodhue; 53 do do, H Riddle; 29 pkgs goods, J Sinffen; 20 do do, M Tobin; 7 do do, E Pogan; 50 sugar hhds, To Order; 2 horses, E W Coanish; 1 elephant, 1 horse, M Hoskins.

RIVER NEWS.

Both rivers were rising steadily last evening with sixteen feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather cloudy and raw with frequent showers of rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. was down to 48, and falling.

The steamboat conflagration at St. Louis on Monday was the most disastrous one we have had to record for some time, and the Pittsburgh insurance companies lose heavily, seventy thousand dollars in the aggregate. The risks held by Pittsburgh Companies were as follows:

Armenia	$12,000
Carrie V. Kountz	16,000
Jennie Lewis	12,500
Gerard B. Allen	20,000
Ben Johnston	9,500
Total	70,000

The Armenia and Carrie V. Kountz were Pittsburgh boats, both of them having left this port within the past ten days. The Carrie V. Kounts was a bran new boat and it is said cost about $27,000. The Armenia was about eight years old and was commanded by Capt. James Hamilton, who about two weeks since bought the interest of the late Capt. A. C. M'Callum, Sr.

The hull of the Fannie Scott was built here some years ago for the Mephams, of St. Louis, and we believe the cabin and engines were taken off another boat and placed on her there. Fortunately, Pittsburgh companies had no risks on the Scott.

—Since the above was in type the following additional particulars have been reported in regard to the insurance in Pittsburgh companies, on the boats destroyed by fire at St. Louis on Monday. It will be seen that the loss is $75,000, instead of $70,000, being $5,000 more than previously stated.

Carrie V. Kountz—Pittsburgh Company, $4,000; Citizens, $3.500; Peoples, $3,500. Total, $16,000.

Armenia—Pittsburgh, $2,500; Eureka, $4,000; Peoples, $1,500, Boatman's, $4,000. Total, $12,000.

Jennie Lewis—Citizens, $5,000; Peoples, $5,000; Allegheny, $5,000. Total, $15,000.

G. B. Allen—Pittsburgh, $5,000; Peoples, $5,000; Allegheny, $5,000; Monongahela, $5,000. Total, $20,000.

Ben Johnston—Citizens, $2,500; Eureka, $2,500; Peoples, $2,000; Allegheny, $5,000. Total, $12,000.

The R. C. Grey departed for Arkansas River last evening with a good trip, including about 100 tons through freight. Capt. Whittaker was uncertain when he left here whether he would go through or not. Pilots—James Shouse and Nick Whitten.

The Lorena departed for St. Louis with a good freight list, and a large number of passengers. Pilots—W. H. Dorsey and John Whitten.

The St. Marys arrived and departed again last evening for Cincinnati. She had a very fair trip up, including a huge elephant, weighing 2,800 pounds.

Steam was raised on the Collossal on Monday, and it is said that her engines work like a charm. She is now at the upper end of the wharf ready to engage freight and passengers for the Missouri River.

—The Glendale, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, passed by Cincinnati on Sunday.

—The Robert E. Lee, coming up, has the First United States Infantry on board.

—It is said that the Bermuda sunk $15,000 in the few trips she made between Memphis and Pine Bluff.

—The Legal Tender is at Madison, undergoing repairs, preparatory to entering the White river trade.

—The Grey Eagle, Capt. C. L. Brennan, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving promptly at noon.

—The Kate Putnam, Capt. G. W. Reed, is announced for Nashville and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

—The Wauanita was to have left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Monday. She put off about one hundred tons at Cincinnati.

—The Star wharfboat was sold at Memphis, on Wednesday, to Capt. Taff, of Helena, for $600. He will take possession to-day.

—The new mountain steamer Collossal, Capt. M. A. Cox, is announced for St. Louis and Fort Benton, as is also the Ida Rees No. 2, Capt. Thompson.

—The Mollie Ebert, Capt. G. W. Ebert, is announced for St. Louis and Missouri River. Capt. Ebert contemplates extending his trip clear up to Fort Benton.

—Steamboating in Red and Ouachita Rivers is said to have been good the past season. In the Camden trade there were six side-wheel boats running, whereas there were never more than two before the war. The St. Marys made some money in that trade.

—In an affray on the steamer Julia, at St. Louis, Wm. Bates, one of the engineers of that boat, was seriously cut by a razor in the hands of a negro roustabout of bad character. The gash inflicted was on the side of the neck, in the region of the carotid artery, but happily striking no vital part.

—Captain D. D. Dannals, of the steamer Lotus No. 2, has contracted here for a new boat for the Red River trade, which will be finished and ready for business by June or July at the farthest. Her dimensions will be: Length, 150 feet; beam, 37 feet; hold, 4½ feet; three boilers, 22 feet long; two engines, cylinders 15 inches in diameter, with 5 feet stroke.

—T. A. Curran, Esq., formerly editor of the Maysville (Ky.) *Eagle*, has brought a suit in the Superior Court of Cincinnati, for damages against the owners of the steamer Magnolia, for injuries received while traveling from Cincinnati to Maysville, on board of said steamer when her boilers exploded. The damages are laid at $25,000. Mr. Curran is almost disabled for business for life.

—The steamer Dexter has been laid up, and turned over at New Albany to her creditors, Messrs. Bragdon, Ford and others having her in charge. During her career she has not made money, though well managed, and a good boat, which indicates the real hard times among the boatmen as well as the necessita of concert of action and sustaining equitable rates of freight. She is, we believe, to be sold.

—Captain J. N. Bofinger states emphatically that "no division" of the contract for transporting army supplies from St. Louis to the forts on the Upper Missouri, has been made, but that the contract has been awarded to him alone, but at the same time says that he does not think it amounts to much, as a strong disposition is displayed to make Chicago the depot of supplies of every description, in which case St. Louis will be left out. As for the transportation from Chicago, no contract has as yet been made.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, March 30.—The river is rising with 16 feet 7 inches in the canal. The weather is clear and pleasant

RIVER PACKETS.

NASHVILLE.

FOR CLARKSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer
KATE PUTNAM............Capt. G. W. REED.
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on SATURDAY, April 3d, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
mh30 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

CINCINNATI.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY 4 P. M.
Leaves Cincinnati EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.
The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
COLLINS & BARNES, Agents.
N. B.—No Freight received on Tuesday after 11 A. M. mh29

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

1869.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

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St. Louis to Keokuk and St. Paul,

AND ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

One of the splendid Sidewheel Steamers of this Line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Davenport, Dubuque, Winona, Stillwater and St. Paul. Through receipts for Freight and Passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi on steamers running from this port and connecting with the Northern Line Packets at St. Louis, thus enabling Consignees to get their Freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY,
mh26:23 91 Water street.

NORTHERN LINE PACKET.—The new and splendid
MINNEAPOLIS..........Capt. J. B. RHODES.
Will leave for ST. PAUL about the 10th of April, and go through direct. This splendid steamer offers very superior accommodations for passengers and stock. For particulars apply to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents,
fe22:e98 or R. C. GRAY.

ST. LOUIS.

FOR ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI RIVER AND FORT BENTON, the steamer
NICK WALL..........Capt. TOM POE.
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on SATURDAY, April 3d.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
mh31 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

REES LINE.—For ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI RIVER AND FORT BENTON.—The steamer
IDA REES, No. 2..........T. THOMPSON,
Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, March 31.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
mh24 A. J. HASLETT & CO., Agents.

FOR ST. LOUIS AND MISSOURI RIVER, WITHOUT RESHIPPING.—The new and splendid passenger steamer
MOLLIE EBERT...G. W. EBERT, Commander.
Will leave for the above ports on THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
mh23 Agents.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY, LEAVENWORTH, ST JOSEPH, OMAHA, FORT BENTON, AND ALL POINTS ON THE MISSOURI RIVER.—new passenger steamer
COLOSSAL..........Capt. M. A. COX,
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THURSDAY, April 1st, at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
mh20 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer
EMMA No. 3..........CAPT. J. H. MARATTA,
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 31st inst., at 4 P. M.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street,
DAILY, AT 12 M.
MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
BAYARD..........GEORGE D. MOORE, Master
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE..........C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR, the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCE VAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West. se22:x96

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All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily. au31:178

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JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants. Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
No. 10 Sixth (Late St. Clair) Street.
(Successors to W. H. McGEE & CO.,)
MERCHANT TAILORS,

Have just received their carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and will be glad to show or sell them to old and new customers. The Cutting Department will still be superintended by Mr. C. A. MUHLANBRING.

I take pleasure in recommending the above firm to the liberal support of the public.
mh11:181 W. H. McGEE.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

WALL PAPER,
In New and Beautiful Designs,
For PARLORS, HALLS, DINING ROOMS and CHAMBERS, now receiving in great variety at
No. 107 Market Street,
NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh3

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,
Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street,
Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly
Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
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Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.
ALSO,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.
Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.
ALSO,
Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial,
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j 2:d43

WHITE LIME.—200 bbls. for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

PEARL ASH.—25 casks. for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

On and after TUESDAY, November, 17th, 1868, trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrives.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accomdt'n	11:00 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Unt'n.	3:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.
West Newton Accom'd	4:30 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
Braddock's Accomdt'n.	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M
Night Ac. to McK'sport	10:30 P. M.	6:45 A. M
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A.

For tickets apply to
E. M. RAYMOND, Agent
W. B. STOUT, Superintendent. no20

CHANGE OF TIME.
ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,

On and after MONDAY, November 9th, 1868, TWO TRAINS DAILY will leave Pittsburgh Station, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIV IN PITTSBURGH	
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	5:40 p m
Express	7:10 p m	Express	6:30 a m
Brady's B Ac	3:00 p m	Bradys B Ac	10:30 a m
1st Soda Works Accomd	10:50 a m	1st Soda Works Accomod'n.	8.20 a m
2d Soda Works Accomod'n.	5:00 p m	2d Soda Works Accomod'n.	3:40 p m

Church Train leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at Pittsburgh at 9:50 A. M.

Passengers taking express train have but one change of cars between Pittsburgh, Buffalo and Oil Regions. Mail and Express Trains stop only at principal points. Mixed Way and Accommodation trains stop at all stations.
THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't.
W. FOSTER HOPE, Ticket Agent. no9

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 22d, 1868, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail Expres	3:23 a. m.	12:13 a. m.
Fast Line	10:13 a. m.	7:33 p. m.
Fast Express	2:58 p. m.	12:18 a. m.
Mixed Way	5:43 a. m.	6:43 p. m.
McDonald's Acc'n, No. 1	11:28 a. m.	8:33 p. m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:38 p. m.	9:48 a. m.
McDonald's Acc'n, No. 2	5:08 p. m.	3:18 p. m.

☞ 2:58 P. M. Express will leave daily.
12:13 P. M. Mail will arrive daily.
The 10:13 a. m. Train leaves daily, Sundays excepted, and makes close connections at Newark for Zanesville and points on Sandusky Mansfield & Newark R. R.
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Steubenville, Ohio.
no25

1868.
PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From Dec. 20th, 1868, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex	3:03 a m	Chicago Ex	2:13
Erie & Ygn M'l	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex	11:58
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:28 a m	Wheeling Ex	11:13
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	Crestline Mail	3:53
Chicago Ex	10:08 a m	Chicago Ex	4:38
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:23 p m	Cleveland Ex	4:08
Chicago Ex	2:43 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	6:13
W'e & Erie Ex	4:53 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:58
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
N. Brigt'n Ac	8:58 a m	N. Brigt'n Ac	7:03 am
Leetsdale "	10:28 a m	N. Brigt'n "	8:28 am
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:33 am
Rochester "	1:33 p m	Leetsdale "	9:13 am
Leetsdale Acc	3:58 p m	" "	1:08 pm
N. Brigt'n "	5:33 p m	N. Brigt'n "	2:43 pm
N. Brigt'n "	6:28 p m	Leetsdale "	4:53 pm
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:18 pm
Leetsdale Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Leetsdale Sunday Church	9:58 am

☞ 2:43 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ 11:58 a. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.
de22 F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after Nov. 28th, 1868, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:30 a m	Day Express	2:30 am
Fast Line	2:40 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Wall's No. 1	6:20 a m	Mail Train	8:15 am
Brinton Acc'n	7:50 a m	*Cincin'ti Ex	12:35 pm
Wall's No. 2	8:50 a m	Wall's No. 2	11:20 am
Cincinnati Ex	9:40 a m	Johnstown Ac	3:25 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:35 a m	Braddocks No 1	4:20 pm
Baltimore Ex	1:45 p m	Phila. Express	5:10 pm
Phila. Express	2:05 p m	Wall's No. 3	5:20 pm
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Wall's No. 4	6:15 pm
Braddocks No 1	5:50 p m	Fast Line	7:50 pm
Wall's No. 4	7:25 p m	Wall's No. 5	11:50 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 p m		

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m and arrives at Walls Station at 2:00 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
no23 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after Nov. 22d, 1868, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Rail road will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springd'e No 1	6:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:15 a m
Express	10:40 a m	Sharpb'g No 1	11:20 a m
Sharpb'g No. 1	1:25 p m	Express	2:45 p m
Freeport No. 2	4:00 p m	Springd'e No 1	3:20 p m
Mail	5:55 p m	Freeport No. 2	5:20 p m
Springd'e No 2	6:45 p m	Springd'e No 2	7:10 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:45 p. m.

COMMUTATION TICKETS—For sale in packages of Twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

The trains leaving Allegheny City at 7:00 a. m. make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through tickets may be purchased at the Office No. 1 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further information apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
no23 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

SMOKY HILL ROUTE.

UNION PACIFIC RAILWA

Eastern Division.

The SHORTEST AND MOST RELIABI ROUTE from the East to all points in

Colorado, Nevada,
California, Utah,
Arizona, Washington,
New Mexico, Idaho,
Oregon.

Two Trains leave State Line and Leavenworth daily, (Sundays excepted,) on the arrival of trains of Pacific Railroad from St. Louis, and Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad from Quincy, connecting at Lawrence, Topeka and Wamego with stages for all points in Kansas. At end of track west of Ellsworth with the UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY'S DAILY LINE OF OVERLAND MAIL AND EXPRESS COACHES FOR

DENVER, SALT LAKE,
AND
All Points in the Territories,

And with SANDERSON'S TRI-WEEKLY LINE of COACHES for Fort Union, Bent's Fort, Pass, Albuquerque, Santa Fe, and all points in Arizona and New Mexico.

With the recent additions of rolling stock and equipment, and the arrangements made with responsible Overland Transportation Lines from its western terminus, this road now offers unequalled facilities for the transmission of freight to the Far West.

Tickets for sale at all the principal offices in the United States and Canadas

Be sure and ask for tickets via THE SMOKY HILL ROUTE, UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY, EASTERN DIVISION.

A. ANDERSON,
General Superintendent
J. H. WEBSTER,
General Freight and Ticket Ag

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.
F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1869.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, April Fashions, Cuban Affairs and Statistics. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: The Courts, Trial of John Bell for Arson, Letter from New Brighton, Real Estate Transfers, The Luckiest Man in America, &c.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87@87⅛.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 54½@55½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 131¼.

THE Democratic State Central Committee, in session at Harrisburg yesterday, decided to call a Convention for July 14th, to nominate a Gubernatorial candidate.

THE Inauguration ball netted, in profits, quite a handsome sum, and we are glad to learn that the proceeds are to be applied to the purchase of CLARK MILLS' statue of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, to be erected in the capital of the country.

AN effort is to be made to pass the River and Harbor bill through Congress; the bill which was lost at the late session being again taken up. The measure is important to our navigation interests, since it involves the completion of the enlarged Louisville Canal.

BY the recent burning of five steamboats at St. Louis, our own Insurance Companies lose $75,000—the heaviest loss of that character which they have experienced for years. We scarcely need add that they pay it without feeling the tax upon their abundant earnings.

IN THE HOUSE yesterday a Committee on Conference on the repeal of the Tenure-of-Office act was appointed. It consists of Messrs. BEN BUTLER, WASHBURNE and BINGHAM. It is not improbable that this Committee will at once report in favor of a suspension of the act during the term of President GRANT.

THE demoralization of public sentiment in New York may be judged of from the fact that, apparently, they are in a good deal of doubt there whether they can get a murderer hung, who has been sentenced to death. The honest men and the rascals are so evenly balanced, and the courts so uncertain, as to make the result problematical.

IN THE interests of an economical retrenchment, a large reduction is going on in the clerical force employed in the Executive departments at Washington: over three hundred clerks will leave the Treasury bureaus this week. It is discovered, by all the heads of departments, that the force heretofore employed was largely beyond any legal warrant.

THE Cuban insurgents are campaigning vigorously on both flanks—on the not-so-faithful isle and at Washington. We now hear that they are to put their "bonds" on the American market, from which to coin the sinews of war. We shall estimate their financial success by any sudden growth of American sympathy which may become palpable among our politicians and journalists.

THERE is certainly balm in Gilead! The House unanimously authorizes the construction of the Paducah bridge with spans not less than four hundred feet in width. Evidently, Congress cannot sanction narrower spans at other points, where the channel is naturally still more contracted. We infer, therefore, that the same limitation is to be enforced at Parkersburg, and elsewhere in the valley. Why not?

IT IS STATED that the President is in favor of recognizing the independence of the Cuban insurgents, and will insist on Congress according to that Island the recognition due successful insurgents. We hope this is not true. The United States can afford to stand neutral, and not partake in anywise of the spirit which prompts Cuba to rebel against the mother country. We hope for the liberty and freedom of all nations, but to obtain the same we must not sacrifice a particle of our national honor. By fair means let Cuba assert her independence, and in maintaining the same by force of arms eventually she will win and deserve the sympathy of our country, but the time has not yet arrived when our own glorious republic should welcome her among the few free nations of the earth.

WE REMARKED, the other day, that the proposition to entrust an active participation, in our Indian affairs, to members of the Society of Friends, did not seem agreeable to what is commonly called the "Indian ring"—*i. e.* the traders, contractors, speculators and plunderers generally who have thriven for a generation in the gate-way between the Treasury and its red dependents in the far West. And now come the tidings that the Senatorial Committee on Indian Affairs don't like this Quaker business any better. They are not exactly clear that the proposition is unconstitutional, but they swear with one accord that it is highly improper. The Ring and the Committee seem to be entirely agreed—which is very curious. The people generally, on the other hand, approve of the idea—which is very comfortable. Which view is likely to be the correct one?

MORE COMPETITION.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company is practically extended to Lake Erie, at Sandusky. This has been accomplished, it is said, by the purchase of the bonded indebtedness of the Sandusky and Newark Railway, to such an extent as to force a lease from the management of the latter road. If the stockholders in the Sandusky and Newark Company do not ratify the lease, they will have the privilege of paying the debt. The road is said to be in excellent condition, having been not long since reduced from the wide or Erie gauge to that of the general Ohio system. The distance, 116 miles, from the Central Ohio branch of the Baltimore road at Newark, to the Lake, at Sandusky, may be much shortened by cut-offs. The Sandusky harbor is a capacious one, can be made in all winds or weathers by vessels, and has a depth of water ample for their average draught. This connection is apparently a better one for the Baltimore Company, than *via* Pittsburgh, since the through tonnage is thus secured for a largely increased length of their line. Business clear through, from Baltimore to Wheeling and Newark, is more desirable than a switch-off at Cumberland. We have no reason to suppose, however, that the Pittsburgh connection, *via* Cumberland and Connellsville, will cease to be a favorite interest with that corporation.

If the facts are correctly stated, this movement apparently contemplates remoter combinations, beyond Sandusky westward, with a view to an active participation by the Baltimore line, in the competing rivalry for the business of the West. Of late, that line has claimed to be practically ignored, in that regard, in the railway world, but now, if we are not mistaken, an active element is to be added to the railway diplomacy which has recently engaged much of the public attention.

SMALL, BUT PLUCKY.

Rhode Island—which contributes Mr. SPRAGUE to the Senate, which was the last State of the old Thirteen to accept the Federal Constitution of 1789, and which was only brought in at last by the proposition from the twelve United States to plant custom-houses on her borders and make of her a foreign country at once—this same Rhode Island now hesitates to ratify the XVth Amendment. The reluctance is not due to any vulgar prejudices of race, but to the apprehension that other amendments may follow, possibly including one which would blot out the last of her State-rights and exclude her from an equal representation in the Senate. Suppose that we compromise with this jealously asserted sovereignty! Let us guarantee to her, always and forever, SPRAGUE, or his equivalent, if future generations shall crown with such an honor those Providence Plantations. One such Senator ought to content any Commonwealth, and is certain, judging from current facts, to satisfy Rhode Island.

When SHOCCO JONES fought a duel in that State long ago, and its Governor afterwards demanded his arrest in Virginia, as a fugitive from its outraged justice, he wrote to that dignitary with the consolatory assurance that he would shoot clear across the State, the next time. The Governor then dropped all proceedings.

Rhode Island enjoys, equally with New York, the fullest measure of the sovereign rights of States. In her own experience was illustrated the clearest, sharpest definition, of these rights, known to our Federal jurisprudence. The Dorr rebellion affords a never-to-be-forgotten exposition of those States rights, which are simply inextinguishable, and which suffice to maintain forever all the sovereignty which she originally reserved. She has never had, nor has she now, occasion to distrust the good faith of her sister States. Why she finds it proper at this time to set up this man-of-straw—this apprehended invasion and final overthrow of her sovereignty—is a problem which passes reasonable comprehensions. It out-Quixote's tilting at windmills. Let us hope that she may have a speedy deliverance from her fears, and clearer notions of the Federal situation!

AN UNPROFITABLE WRANGLE.

The Office Tenure question in Congress has gone to a Committee of Conference, between the two Houses. Each House, under the parliamentary usage, designates a majority of its Committee to support the action of the body itself. Consequently, a majority of the Senate Committee favors the Senate bill, while the House Committee is the other way, Judge BINGHAM alone favoring the CONKLING substitute. We have little hope of an agreement between Judge TRUMBULL and General BUTLER. That is only possible by dropping the third section altogether, or substituting an entirely new bill, merely suspending the present law for a fixed period. The third section as proposed allows the President to make appointments to fill vacancies during the recess of the Senate, but requires that such appointments shall expire with the end of the next session of the Senate, if it refuse to confirm them, and that the offices shall remain vacant, the duties thereof to be performed by such persons as are provided by law for such exigencies.

As we anticipated, it becomes clear that the President's alleged desire to recede from the understanding he had last week with Senators, has been grossly misrepresented. It appears that he abides, as every one outside of Washington supposed he would, by that arrangement heartily, and tells members that he is tired of this controversy. Preferring repeal, but seeing that it is impracticable, he really desires the modified bill should become a law. If members resist the outside pressure, which is now strongly for concurrence, we presume that he can stand it, and that the Senate will not complain.

The large vote for a Conference Committee from the House was a matter of course. That is the proper parliamentary mode of approaching the adjustment of differences. A report may be looked for to-day, but is not certain to be of such a nature as to be approved in each body. The whole week may be consumed in this unprofitable discussion. But as long as the House chooses to indulge Gen. BUTLER in this bush-whacking raid, against a position which is fortified by the consenting judgment of both the Senate and the Executive, the public business will be delayed and more than one public interest will suffer.

COMPLETING RECONSTRUCTION.

It is understood that definite action is to be taken, upon the pressing questions of Southern reconstruction, before the present session of Congress is adjourned. A majority of each House favors the application of a radical remedy for the present disorganization in Georgia, and the adoption of a sharply defined and practical policy for the three States in which no final steps have yet been taken, for their restoration to "practical relations" with the Federal government. In shaping the proper measures to these desirable ends, it is to be hoped that Congress will not show itself tenacious in non-essential points, any more than it ought to waive the least of those main conditions which, for six other States, have been ever regarded as indispensible. The Executive discretion, which was not denied even to his predecessor, may not only be safely continued, but may be wisely enlarged to the President, whose hearty accord with that policy which constitutes the vital under-current in the system of reconstruction, has been heretofore consistently proven.

With Georgia remitted in fact to the political status which her rebellion established, and which her entire post-rebellion record has faithfully maintained; with her provisional government committed to wiser and purer hands than those of a Governor and pseudo-Legislature which have managed to disagree in every particular except in the effort to perpetuate, for their own particular ends, a condition of affairs alike prejudicial to the people of Georgia and offensive to the Union sentiment of the whole country—order may then be taken for the re-inauguration of constitutional and really republican forms of State government for these four unfortunate peoples. Georgia, Texas, Virginia and Mississippi—each and all of these States should be prepared for re-admission at the opening of the next session of Congress. There are absolutely no serious difficulties whatever in the way of this. It is only necessary that Congress itself shall apply faithfully, to the problems before it, those clearly settled and nationally satisfactory principles which experience daily vindicates in the Carolinas, in Florida, Alabama, Arkansas, Tennessee, and even in Louisiana itself—to secure equivalent or even more admirable results. This Congress has no policy to originate—and it needs none. Its wisdom will rather be displayed in the fidelity of its adhesion to the safe path which a satisfactory experience illuminates. In that view, no more is now required of that body than a just recognition of the existing embarrassments, a wise forbearance against all local provocations, and that healthy degree of nerve which marked the XXXIXth and the first half of the XLth Congresses, and before which the apparent difficulties of to-day will be but misty shadows, vanishing from the sight.

THE Secretary of the Interior, advising a deputation of Friends that their proposition for the "appointment of a commission to co-operate with the department" in the administration of Indian affairs, meets the hearty approval of the President, closes his letter as follows:

> "I believe that a concerted effort between the good people of the country, whose hearts are interested in this work, and the Government itself, will give ground to hope for results which former systems failed to effect. The condition of several tribes on our frontiers is now such that the question of immediate and thorough action looking to civilization is the only alternative or mode of escape from exterminating wars."

ALL the county officers in Lancaster, with the exception of the Recorder of Deeds, are to be elected this year. In that county the Republicans make their nominations by a direct vote of the party.

HAVING FREQUENTLY referred to the understanding, which was arrived at last week, between the President and a large majority of the Repulican Senators, relative to the new Office-Tenure bill, which subsequently passed that body, in accordance with the understanding so had, it may be well to state precisely how that agreement came about. It will be remembered that Senators had agreed, in consultation, upon the CONKLING substitute, the bill which the House, having voted squarely for repeal of the existing law, now refuses to accept. We now quote from a reliable dispatch:

> When the Committee had completed the new bill, a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Trumbull, Conkling and Carpenter, were appointed to visit the President, and submit the new bill to him for the purpose of learning his views thereon. A pleasant interview was had, the President giving his reasons for wishing a modification of the law. He said his principal objection to the law was the provision preventing him from making removals during the recess of the Senate. He did not object to the clause requiring him to send the names of persons removed and appointed to the Senate within thirty days after their first day of meeting, but did object to the provision requiring him to give the reasons for such removals. The proposed modified law containing none of these objectionable features, he expressed himself satisfied with it, and hoped no more time would be lost in the matter.

Another dispatch, of later date, thus reports the President's view of the action taken in the House:

> A couple of New York Congressmen who called on the President last evening, report him as saying he regretted the action of the House in rejecting the Senate modification of the Tenure-of-Office act. He seemed quite anxious to learn what the Senate would probably do, and when told it might perhaps agree to suspension till March, 1873, he said that modification would be better than suspension. He stated that he had informed many persons that the bill, as fixed by the Senate, was entirely satisfactory to him. He then asked if the House would not yet agree with the Senate, and when the gentleman answered that they thought not, he made some further remark expressive of regret for the apparent dead-lock.

A Washington despatch of Friday evening, to the Providence *Journal*, says:

> The President prefers repeal if the Senate will consent, and if it won't, then he will take what the Senate has passed without grumbling. The principal objection to the Senate bill is the clause which in a contingency restores the suspended officer to his duties. It is claimed that that is virtually giving the Senate the power of reappointment.
>
> Various rumors are afloat in reference to the action of the Senate. Many Senators say that body will not recede any from this; others believe a total repeal is possible, particularly if in this juncture the President uses his influence decidedly in behalf of repeal.

The Steamboat Conflagration at St. Louis—Loss, Insurance and Other Particulars.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—The losses by fire last night are still uncertain; but the following are some of them:

The Henry Atkins was valued at from $25,000 to $30,000; insured for $11,000, $3,000 in Floating Dock, Boston, $3,000 in Independent, Boston, and $6,000 in Cincinnati offices. She had 2,200 tons assorted cargo, estimated at $70,000.

The Ben. Johnson, worth $30,000; insurance not known; no cargo.

The G. B. Allen was valued at $65,000; insured for $30,000, in Pittsburgh offices for $5,000, the remainder not ascertained. The hull is but little damaged, and fifty tons of freight on board will mostly be saved. On her cargo there was an insurance of $10,000 in the Home of New York, and $5,000 in the St. Paul Fire and Marine.

The Carrie V. Kountz cost $27,500, and is said to be insured in Pittsburgh for $15,000. She was heavily loaded.

The Fanny Scott had 125 tons assorted cargo, the value of which is not known. She was valued at $25,000, and an insurance for $8,000 on her. There was a risk on her cargo of $7,700 in the Boatmens, of Pittsburgh.

The Armenia was a Pittsburgh boat and had no cargo, valued at $20,000; probably insured in Pittsburgh.

The Jennie Lewis was a Missouri river packet, owned by the Star Line, and was just about to leave with a full cargo and a large number of passengers. She was valued at $40,000 and probably well insured. Just as she dropped out into the stream the Fannie Scott and Armenia floated down and the people on them begged to be taken off. Captain McPherson immediately steamed alongside, and while talking the men off all the boats floated across the river, and the Jennie Lewis grounded on the Illinois shore, and before she could get off the burning wreck of the Carrie Kountz (not the Armenia as previously reported) drifted against her, and in a short time all three of the boats were burned to the water's edge. When the Lewis caught fire there was a terrible consternation among her passengers, and but for the coolness and bravery of Capt. McPherson many lives would have been lost. The boat having caught fire at the bow, all the usual means of escape were cut off; but the Captain and other officers dropped the women and children down from the rear guard of the cabin deck to the mate and others on the main deck, and they in turn passed them to men standing waist deep in the water, who carried them ashore. By this means all were saved, but everything else was lost, the passengers escaping with only what they had on.

The estimated loss of the carge is $260,000 and on the boats about $250,000.

LATER—The following is a tolerably correct list of the insurance losses by fire last night: Floating Dock, St. Louis, $8,000; Atlantic, St. Louis, $5,000; Globe, St. Louis, $5,000; Marine, St. Louis, $19,300; St. Louis Insurance Company, $11,500; Phœnix, $12,400; United States, St. Louis, $18,700; Boatmens, Pittsburgh, $10,000; National, Boston, $5,900; Boatmens, St. Louis, $25,380; Pacific, St. Louis, $5,000; Ætna, Hartford, $10,000; Independent, Boston, $5,000; Enterprise, Cincinnati, $5,000; Peoples, Pittsburgh, $25,000; Allegheny, Pittsburg, $15,000; Home, New Haven, $12,500; St. Paul Fire and Marine, $5,000; Excelsior, St. Louis, $5,000; Floating Dock, Boston, $5,000; St. Joseph, Mo., offices, $14,000. About two-thirds of the risks are on the cargoes; the remainder on the hulls.

Railroad Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HUDSON, March 30.—It is reported here that one or two cars were thrown from the track on the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad last night, by a broken rail, and ten or twelve persons injured.

THE SOUTHERN REBELLION.

President Buchanan and Mr. Cass, His Secretary of State—Interesting Correspondence.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 30, 1868.

The following correspondence was transmitted to the Senate to-day in compliance with the resolution adopted by that body on the 17th inst.

CASS TO BUCHANAN.

Department of State, December 12, 1860.—Sir: The alarming crisis in our national affairs has engaged your serious consideration, and in your recent message you have expressed to Congress, and through Congress to the country, the views fraught with the most momentous consequences which are now presented to the American people for solution. With the general principles laid down in that message I fully concur, and I appreciate with warm sympathy its patriotic appeals and suggestions. What measures it is competent and proper for the Executive to adopt, under existing circumstances, is a subject which has received your most careful attention, and with the anxious hope, as I well know from having participation in the deliberation, that tranquility and good feeling may be speedily restored to this agitated and divided Confederacy. In some points, which I deem of vital importance, it has been my misfortune to differ from you. It has been my decided opinion, which for some time past I have urged at various meetings of the Cabinet, that additional troops should be sent to reinforce the forts in the harbor of Charleston, with a view to their better defense, should they be attacked, and that an armed vessel should likewise be ordered there, to aid, if necessary, in the defense, and also, should it be required, in the collection of the revenue. And it is yet my opinion that these measures should be adopted without the least delay. I have likewise urged the expediency of immediately removing the custom house at Charleston to one of the forts in the port, and also of making arrangements for the collection of duties thereby, having a collector and other officers ready to act when necessary, so that when the office may become vacant the proper authority may be there to collect the duties on the part of the United States. I continue to think these arrangements should be immediately made. While the right and responsibility of deciding belong to you, it is very desirable, at this perilous juncture, there should be, as far as possible, unanimity in your councils, with a view to safe and efficient action. I have, therefore, felt it my duty to tender my resignation of the office of Secretary of State, and ask your permission to retire from that official association with yourself, and the members of your Cabinet, which I have enjoyed during about four years without a single occurrence of a single incident to interrupt the personal intercourse which has so happily existed.

I cannot close this letter without bearing my testimony of the zealous and earnest devotion to the best interests of the country with which, during a term of unexampled trials and troubles, you have sought to discharge the duties of your high station. Thanking you for the kindness and confidence you have not ceased to manifest toward me, and with the expression of my warmest regards, both for yourself and the gentlemen of your Cabinet, I am, sir, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,
LEWIS CASS.

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN TO MR. CASS.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 15th, 1860. SIR: I have received your resignation of the office of Secretary of State with surprise and regret. After we had passed through nearly the whole term of the administration, with mutual and cordial friendship and regard, I cherished the earnest hope that nothing might occur to disturb our official relation until its end. You have decided differently, and I have no right to complain. I must express my gratification at your concurrence with the general principles laid down in my late message, and your appreciation with warm sympathy of its patriotic appeals and suggestions. This I value very highly, and I rejoice that we concur in the opinion that Congress does not possess the power, under the Constitution, to coerce a State by force of arms to remain in the Confederacy. The question on which we unfortunately differ is that of ordering a detachment of the navy to Charleston, and is correctly stated in your letter of resignation. I do not intend to argue this question. It is sufficient to say that your remarks upon the subject were heard by myself and the Cabinet with all the respect due to your high position, your long experience and your unblemished character. But they failed to convince us of the necessity and propriety, under existing circumstances, of adopting such a measure. The Secretaries of War and of the Navy, through whom the orders must have issued to reinforce the forts, did not concur in your views, and whilst the whole responsibility for the refusal rested upon myself, they were the members of the Cabinet more directly interested. You may have judged correctly on this important question, and your opinion is entitled to graver considerations, but under my convictions of duty, and believing, as I do, that no present necessity exists for a resort to force for the protection of the public property, it was impossible for me to have risked a collision of arms in the harbor of Charleston, and thereby have defeated the reasonable hopes which I cherish of the final triumph of the Constitution and the Union.

I have only to add that you will take with you into retirement my heartfelt wishes that the evening of your days may be prosperous and happy.

Very respectfully yours,
[Signed] JAMES BUCHANAN.

NEW YORK CITY.

Safe of Union Pacific Railroad Company Ordered to be Broken Open—New Revenue Officers—Swindling Dollar Stores, Gift Enterprises, &c. Denounced—Funeral of Ex-Mayor Harper.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, March 30, 1869.

Judge Barnard, of the Supreme Court, to-day issued on order directing the sheriff to break open the safe of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, in order to get at the books and papers.

Collector Grinnell and Surveyor Cornell were sworn in yesterday. The fiscal quarter ends to-morrow afternoon, when the new Collector will take possession of the office and swear in his deputies.

Assessor Webster, who has returned from a conference with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington, has, it is stated, been fully endorsed in his proposed action in taxing funds used as banking capital in Wall street. The test case against Clark, Dodge & Co. will soon come before the Courts. Meantime the Assessor has vacated one of his original positions, and now announces he does not propose to tax margins as capital.

The grand jury having ignored the bill of indictment against James Logan No. 2, for the alleged murder of Rogers, he has been discharged from custody.

Mayor Hall has issued a circular cautioning strangers that all co-operative unions, gift enterprises, dollar stores and schemes of that nature in this city are swindles, and calling upon all newspapers throughout the country to publish them as such and reiterate the information frequently.

The inquest held in this city on the body of Charles Lockwood, the Sing Sing prisoner who was shot after capture, resulted in a verdict that the deceased came to his death at the hands of Sullivan and Murray, prison guards. The jury recommend the District Attorney to take immediate action. A writ was subsequently served on Coroner Flynn, who held the inquest, prohibiting him from proceeding further, on the ground that the case was not within his jurisdiction, the death having occurred in Westchester county.

The Police Commissioners will commence legal proceedings against Captain Young, late Chief of the Detective force, to recover moneys received by him as rewards.

The funeral of James Harper took place this P. M., at St. Paul's Methodist Church, and was attended by an immense concourse, including the Mayor and members of the city government and leading merchants, bankers and authors of the and book publishers from all pa country.

Insane Man Arreste

Yesterday morning, betw seven o'clock, officers Wilso son, on duty at the Union Dep to the lock-up Edward W. Bey young German, who showed strong signs of insanity. Beyha, it appears, had got aboard of a train on the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, at Freedom, and on the way to Allegheny city had acted in a manner which led to the belief that he was insane. When the train arrived at Allegheny station, officer Wilson, who got aboard there to ride to the Union Depot, was informed of the fact, and when the train arrived at the depot took the unfortunate man in charge, and assisted by officer Johnson conducted him to the lock-up. Upon examination, one hundred and thirty dollars and a silver watch were found upon his person. It appears that he had some time since been an inmate of the Dixmont Hospital, but it is not known whether he escaped or was discharged from the institution. He is not in a condition to take care of himself and he will be detained until his friends can be heard from, or the proper steps are taken to have him placed in a hospital.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, March 30.—Cotton active and advanced ¼c; middlings 28½c; receipts 3,451 bales; exports 500 bales Sugar dull; common 12c. Prime 14 Molasses—prime 65@70c. Flour du superfine $5,60; treble extra $6,25. Cc dull at 72@73c. Oats advanced to Bran $1,15. Hay firm; prime $27. P dull at $33. Bacon firm at 14¼, 17¼ 17¾c. Lard dull and nominal. Whi nominal; western rectified 85@90c. Co firm; fair 14¾@15½c; prime 17½c.

CHICAGO, March 30.—At open boar the morning No. 2 Wheat was in fair mand, closing at about $1,12¼, selle April, and $1,12, cash. Other grain dull and nominal. In the evening ther was very little business done; sales o 5,000 bush spring Wheat, seller, next week, at $1,12½. Provisions inactive and nearly nominal.

NASHVILLE, March 30.—Cotton market active; low middling, 25½c; good ordinary, 24¾c; stock, 6,100 bales.

A SIGNIFICANT LETTER.

LOUISVILLE, March 22d, 1869.—Find enclosed P. O. order for * * * which you will please place to my credit, and send immediately half a gross of Blood Searcher, and a full supply of circulars.

The demand for your medicine is gradually increasing, and I believe will eventually take the place of other similar preparations, now being extensively advertised throughout Kentucky and the Southern States, but there is little advertising needed that will reach the masses. Circulars will do very well in the locality where the Blood Searcher is sold, but the greater number are only to be reached through the medium of a popular newspaper, a few insertions is all that is required. Let the people of Kentucky once know that DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER can be had at the Medicine and Toilet Depot, Louisville, Kentucky, and I guarantee a profitable return. I have an extensive acquaintance throughout Kentucky and the South, and though I claim not to be an exception to the generality of my fellows, I flatter myself that the name of W. W. WILLIAMS, as Agent for the Blood Searcher, will at least not lesson the demand, but on the contrary, will induce many to take hold of it, and when they have done so it will matter very little who is the Agent, or where it comes from, DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER will be the medicine they have tested and what they will want. *The Blood Searcher is doing good work in this locality.* There are numbers to whom I have recommended it for dyspepsia, and as a general Tonic, and in every case I have had a good report. There is a gentleman in business opposite my store who has been confined to his room since July last with scrofula, a physician attending every day, and getting no better. Soon after I received your first consignment I sent him one of your circulars, but it was som etime before I heard from him, and not until I sent Mr. Boyd over to see him did he conclude to try it. He is now getting well, and regrets that he did not adopt the remedy sooner. His case was as bad if not worse than that of Mr. Boyd, and will prove a valuable acquisition to the list of cures. Allow me to congratulate you on your removel to your new store, with the hope that it it will in no way detract from your former prosperity. Respectfully,

W. W. WILLIAMS.

To DR. KEYSER, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DR. KEYSER's BLOOD SEARCHER IS SOLD BY THE GROSS, DOZEN OR SINGLE BOTTLE, AT HIS NEW MEDICINE STORE, No. 67 LIBERTY STREET, ONE DOOR FROM SIXTH. CONSULTING ROOMS, No. 120 PENN STREET.

THE TRUE MEDICAL DOCTRINE.

Nature, when struggling with disease, indicates unmistakably the kind of assistance she requires. In cases of nervous weakness and general debility, the feeble pulse, the lack-lustre eye, the attenuated frame, the flaccid muscles, the melancholy visage, inform us as plainly as if each organ had a tongue, that *a medicated stimulant is needed.* It does not require the aid of a medical education to understand this dumb appeal for new vigor, from an exhausted system. Every reader of these lines can comprehend it just as well as the graduate of a physicians' college. Let not this demand of enfeebled natur be neglected. Respond to it promptly by commencing a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a preparation uniting, in their highest excellence, the properties of a STIMULANT, an INVIGORANT, and an ALTERATIVE. Before three days have elapsed, from the taking of the first dose, a marked beneficial change will be manifest in the bodily and mental condition of the patient. The pulse will be stronger and more regular, the eye will begin to lose its dull expression, the muscular and nervous systems to recover their tension, and the spirits to improve. Persevere, and a complete revivification of the depressed animal and mental powers is certain. In cases of dyspepsia and biliousness, the same salutary results will be obtained. The appetite will revive, the sallowness of the skin disappear, and all the distressing symptoms which accompany disorders of the stomach and liver, will rapidly subside. The sudden changes of spring often intensifies these complaints by checking the perspiratory action, by which so much morbid matter is evaporated through the pores of the body and therefore the BITTERS are especially useful to the dyspeptic and bilious at this season.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **MRS. BARCLAY Commences** her Course of Lectures

This Afternoon, at 4 O'clock,

Promptly, at Dr. HOWARD'S CHURCH, Penn street, to continue during the week. mh 1

☞ **COUNTY**

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Grand Elocutionary Entertainment.

PROF. J. W. SHOEMAKER,

Of Philadelphia, will give an Elocutionary Entertainment under the auspices of the County Teachers' Institute,

This Evening, at Seven O'clock,

IN THE FOURTH WARD (Pittsburgh,)

PUBLIC SCHOOL HALL.

The following is the programme:

PART FIRST.

SCRIPTURE SELECTION.
NOBODY'S CHILD.
...IUS AGAINST CAESAR. (Shakespeare.)
...ONDS. (Trowbridge.)
...OF BUZFUZ. (Dickens.)
BURDELL VS. PICKWICK. (Dick-

PART SECOND.

...Poe.)
...NEW YEAR COME TO-NIGHT.
...ker.)
...CUS. (Kellogg.)
...RIUS GREEN AND HIS FLYING MACHINE. (Trowbridge.)
SCOTT AND THE VETERAN. (Bayard Taylor.) mh31

NOTICE.—I hereby warn all persons from trusting my wife, MARY ANN LYTLE, on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. ALFRED LYTLE.
March 30, 1869. mh31:g58

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application for the Pardon of

JOHN HENRY KELLY,

Who plead guilty to stealing a coat, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for Fifteen months, will be made to the Governor.
PITTSBURGH, March 36th, 1869. mh31:g36w

LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD.—The Prairie Whistle and Animal Imitator can be used by a child. It is made to imitate the songs of every bird, the neigh of a horse, the bray of an ass, the grunt of a hog; birds, beasts, and snakes are enchanted and entrapped by it. It is used by Dan Bryant, Charley White and all the Minstrels and Warblers. Ventriloquists can be learned in three days by its aid. Sent anywhere upon receipt of 25 cts; three for 50 cts; $1.25 per dozen. A. J. HITCHCOCK, 148 Fulton street, New York. mh31:g57DW

THE NEW METHOD FOR THE PIANO FORTE, by WILLIAM MASON, (the distinguished pianist,) and E. S. HOADLY, is a great improvement upon all previous works, and is used and recommended by the best teachers. It preserves what was valuable in previous books, and adds many new features. It is the only modern Piano Forte Instructor published, presenting the technics of modern Piano Forte playing. It is easier to teach and learn from, and secures more rapid and thorough progress than any other book. No teacher of Piano Forte can afford to do without it's aid. The best book for beginners and the best for those who have made progress. Price $4. To facilitate its examination by teachers, we will, until July 1st, send a single copy to any teacher of the Piano Forte, by mail, postage paid, for half price, *two dollars*. An edition is published with *European Fingering*, and one with AMERICAN FINGERING. Published by MASON BROTHERS,
... Tremont Street, Boston. 595 Broadway, New York.
mh31:g53

SLATE.

ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

MACRUM & CARLISLE

Have removed finally from their old stand, No. 19, to

27 Fifth Avenue,

Next store above White, Orr & Co., where they have just opened an elegant new stock of

SPRING GOODS.

Our auction sales will be continued after the 1st of April, until all our old stock is sold out. Due notice will be given of time and place.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

27 Fifth Avenue.

mh31

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.
Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D.D., Vice President,
JACOB RUSH, Secretary,
C. W. BENNY, Treasurer.

M. W. WHITE, MEDICAL ADVISER.

DANIEL SWOGER, Gen'l Agent.

This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE. 101 Federal Street, Allegheny, (Savings Bank Building.) Spring term begins

MONDAY, APRIL 5 h, 1869.

For circulars, &c., apply to
mh30 R. S. ROBB, A. M., Prin.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BATES & BELL

Are Receiving Daily Additions to their

SPRING STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

ATTRACTIVE

IN ALL THE

NOVELTIES

OF THE

SEASON.

mh29:MWF

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

BUYERS WILL FIND

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

OF

Notions,
White Goods,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Embroideries,
Laces and Lace Goods,
Boulevard and
Balmoral Skirts,
Hoop Skirts,
Corsets,
Millinery and Straw Goods,
Hats, Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers,
Sundowns, &c.,

To be found in the city, and which will be sold at the

VERY LOWEST RATES

TO

Cash and Short Time Buyers.

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

mh33

ANTHRACITE COAL!

THE BRADDOCKS FIELDS

Gas Coal Company

Has this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for Pittsburgh and Allegheny Cities and surrounding towns for the sale of the Coal of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Anthracite Coal and Transportation Company.

Parties in want of a superior quality of Anthracite Coal from Eastern Mines, will do well to call on them.

General Office and Yard—CORNER OF ANDERSON ST. and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny.

Branch Office and Yard—LIBERTY, opposite SIXTEENTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Postoffice Address, Box 587 Pittsburgh.

J. D. MAHON,

Superintendent Penna. & Ohio Anthracite Coal and Transportation Co.,

No. 114 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

mh23:g49

STEM-WINDING

WALTHAM WATCHES.

These Watches are of the well-known ¾ plate style, and warranted to satisfy the most exacting demand for beauty, finish and accuracy.

The manufacture of Watches of this fine quality is not even attempted in this country except at Waltham.

FOR SALE BY

J. R. REED & CO.,

mh4: PITTSBURGH.

WALTHAM WATCHES,

3-4 Plate, 16 and 20 Sizes.

To the manufacture of these fine Watches the Company have devoted all the science and skill in the art at their command, and confidently claim that for fineness and beauty, no less than for the greater excelencies of mechanical and scientific correctness of design and execution, these watches are unsurpassed anywhere.

In this country the manufacture of these fine grade of Watches is not even attempted, except at Waltham.

FOR SALE BY

J. B. M'FADDEN & CO.

mh4:

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.

All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at

WHITESIDES & DRUM,

de14 **79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.**

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS' popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insur hem a treat. mh25

DRIED FRUITS. — CHOICE Halves Peaches, Choice Third Peaches, Choice Quarter Peaches, New Turkey Prunes, New Currants, New Valencia and Layer Raisins, at WATT, LANG & CO., 172 & 174 Wood St.
mh39

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT

J. W. BARKER & CO'S.

59 Market Street.

THE LATEST SPRING STYLES

OF

DRESS GOODS,

Silks, Percales,

ROBES, CHINTZES, &C.

ALSO,

The Largest and Most Complete Stock

OF

LADIES'

SILK SACQUES

AND SUITS,

Ever Brought to the Pittsburgh Market.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

mh31:g52

WELL AND CISTERN PUMPS,

Plumbers Materials,

BRASS AND IRON COCKS,

Steam Gauges, Steam Pumps,

PLAIN AND GALVANIZED IRON PIPE, &c.,

FOR SALE BY

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

167 Smithfield Street,

mh17:ws PITTSBURGH.

SPRING STOCK OF

BOYS' CLOTHING

NOW RECEIVING BY

GRAY & LOGAN,

h19 **47 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair.)**

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

fe10:e26

WHAT EVERY ONE NEEDS.

A FLOUR

That Will Make Choice Bread at a Low Price.

MEANOR & HARPER

Have succeeded in getting the best Flour at the lowest price offered in this market for the last five years. They warrant every barrel to give entire satisfaction, and it has never failed in a single instance to do so. Dealers will find it to their advantage to give their WHITE ROSE a trial. Kept constantly on hand at their Warehouse, 329 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
mh10

NOTICE OF

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of

F. SELLERS & CO.,

and will continue the Provision and Lard Oil business as heretofore.

F. SELLER,
J. L. DUNSEATH.

PITTSBURGH, March 10, 1869. mh30:g55

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers o

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET,

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

DENTAL NOTICE.

Dr. SPENCER, No. 254 Penn street, announces to his patients and those desiring DENTAL OPERATIONS, that his Office will remain open until 9 o'clock every night. mh30:g75

JOSEPH TORRENS,

MANUFACTURER OF

WINDOW GLASS.

Warehouse—No. 27 WOOD STREET,
mh10:176 Pittsburgh.

DRIED PEACHES.—100 bush, a prime article, for sale by
fe25 J. B. CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Thirty-ninth Street, from Butler Street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Thirty-ninth street, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affect this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. mh31

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Spruce alley, from Twenty-fourth Street to Twenty-fifth Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading and paving of Spruce alley, from Twenty-fourth street to Twenty-fifth street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of March, 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. mh31

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Fortieth Street, from Butler Street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Fortieth street, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. mh31

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Liberty Street, from Haslett Street to the Greensburg Turnpike.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Liberty street, from Haslett street to the Greensburg Turnpike, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council,
Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. mh31

AN ORDINANCE

Appointing Viewers on Greensburg Pike Opening.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That James Black and Thomas Stewart be and they are hereby appointed Viewers on the opening of the Greensburg Pike, in lieu of Samuel McKee, who declines serving, and Z. Wainright, now a member of Select Council.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. mh31

AN ORDINANCE

For the Construction of a Board Walk on Broad Street, in the Nineteenth Ward, (late East Liberty.)

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a Board Walk on the north side of Broad street, (excepting that portion already laid down,) from Highland avenue to the Frankstown road, in the Nineteenth ward, and to let the same in accordance with rules in such cases made and provided, the cost of constructing the same to be assessed to property fronting thereon, and to be collected as the assessments made by the city are collected.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. mh31

AN ORDINANCE

To Suppress Disorderly Houses, Houses of Ill Fame, and Disorderly Assemblages.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That all houses of ill fame, all houses frequented by persons for lewd and unchaste purposes, all unlicensed public dance houses, and all houses and places where intoxicating liquors are sold without license or contrary to the laws of this Commonwealth, shall be deemed and held to be disorderly houses, and the police of said city are empowered to arrest every keeper thereof and every person found therein, and to bring all such persons before the Mayor of said city for examination and hearing, and each such above described person whom the Mayor shall adjudge guilty or maintaining such houses, or of visiting the same for improper purposes, shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each offence, and in default of payment of such fine and costs, shall be committed to the common jail of Allegheny county for a period of not more than sixty days.

SEC. 2. All fines collected as aforesaid shall be accounted for by the Mayor and paid to the City Treasurer for the use of the city of Pittsburgh.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 29th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SHIPTON,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Comm n Council. mh31

KEELER'S STANDARD SCALES 38 WOOD ST. PITTSB & SCRANT. AV. CLEVE'D O.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---SITUATION.

WANTED.—Situation by a young man in a Dry Goods, Trimming or Hardware business, either wholesale or retail. Can give best city references as to character. Address, Clerk, Box S, Gazette Office.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—A man well acquainted with the city, as Solicitor for a good firm in an honorable business. The man must be sober, upright and energetic, and give good references. Steady employment given. Address for three days, care of Box W., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTS.

WANTED—TO BUY.—Two or or three small Houses. Address at once, Box H, Gazette Office, stating terms and location, and where an interview can be had.

WANTED — BOARDING. — A second story front room, with balcony in front—suitable for a man and wife. Inquire at No. 18 Wiley street mh31

WANTED.—Old New-papers, Books and Brown Paper of all kinds, at C. P. MARKLE & CO., 155 First avenue.

WANTED—A few good agents at Dr. Ross' Medical Depot, No. 28 St. Clair Street, second story.

WANTED—A few good men to sell the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine on a salary or commission. NO CAPITAL REQUIRED.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
dT Pittsburgh, Pa.

LOST.

LOST.—Between Third avenue Pittsburgh, and Stockton avenue, Allegheny, sometime last week, a GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON, with a raised black enameled initial letter. $1.00 reward will be paid to the finder who will return it to the GAZETTE OFFICE.

LOAN.

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on Allegheny county property. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—ROOM, 40 by 105 feet, with power, on corner of Penn and 26th streets. Inquire of ROBERT HILL.

TO-LET—That THREE STORY BUILDING, No. 71 Logan street, containing eight rooms and having large yard attached. Rent $400 per annum. Enquire of T. P. HOUSTON, GAZETTE OFFICE.

TO LET—Frame House, five rooms, with hall and attic, on Manhattan street, Fifth ward, Allegheny City. Inquire of JOHNSTON & JOHNSTON,
No. 81 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.

TO-LET.—ONE STORE ROOM. FOUR BASEMENTS, well lighted and finished;
OFFICES in the second story.
SLEEPING ROOMS in the third story, and
ONE LARGE HALL, with two ante-rooms, in the fourth story of A. H. English & Co's new building, Fourth avenue. Apply to A. H. ENGLISH & CO., No. 29 Fifth avenue.

TO LET.—Double Two-story House on the corner of Stockton avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City. Handsome garden, stable and carriage house. Apply at No. 6 Stockton avenue, or Wayne Iron Works, Tenth street, Pittsburgh.

WALL PAPER

AND

WINDOW SHADES,

OF

New and Handsome Designs,

NOW OPENING AT

No. 107 Market Street

(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)

Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

mh23:g41

TAGGART & SIMEN.

GRAND OPENING

OF

Spring and Summer

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

NO. 129 FEDERAL STREET,

Allegheny.

Give us a call and be convinced of the Durability and Extra Quality of work at low prices. And all will be satisfied with a good article at the lowest prices.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

mh13:f47

IRON CITY

SPICE AND MUSTARD MILL,

Fifth Avenue, near High St.,

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE,

Wholesale Dealers in

ROASTED COFFEE.

Spices and Mustard.

We call the attention of consumers to our EXCELSIOR ROAST COFFEE, sold in one pound packages and WARRANTED to be the very best in the market.

FRESH CORNMEAL ground daily. All articles warranted to be of the best quality and delivered in the city free of charge.

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE,

mh26 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

GOSHEN CHEESE—100 Boxes Choice New York Cutting Cheese, at WATT, LANG & CO., 172 & 174 Wood Street.
h30

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—TYPE.—About 400 pounds MINION TYPE, nearly as good as new. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.—A NEW BRICK HOUSE of 5 rooms and lot, 50 by 200 feet, 200 grapevines, fruit trees, shrubbery, &c., on the lot, at No. 169 Ridge street Fifth ward, Allegheny City. For terms and particulars apply on the premises.

FOR SALE.—1 Lot, 21 feet 31x 100, on corner of Duncan and Erin sts.
1 Lot, 21 ft. by 100, on Duncan street.
1 Lot, 20 ft. by 94, on Erin street.
For terms, apply to

WM. A. SHINN,
75 Grant street, cor. Diamond.

FOR SALE.—200 Acres of Land, 160 Acres cleared, 100 Acres of bottom land, balance finest of timber, now occupied as a Dairy, well stocked, 24 miles from Pittsburgh. Will be sold on long time so that the payments only amount to a rent, with or without the stock. Possession immediately. Will exchange for bonds or city property.
Apply to NO. 57 THIRD ANENUE.
mh31:g60.

FOR SALE.—BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN BUILDING SITE, situated on the Hill overlooking the Monongahela river, and within one mile of Hazlewood Station, on Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. The grounds comprise almost nine acres, and will be sold as a whole, or in lots to suit purchasers. This would be a very desirable location for a country residence, having a delightful view, pure water and air, and within one mile of the proposed "CITY PARK." Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue. mh26

FOR SALE.

WEST END DWELLING

OF TWELVE ROOMS, with wash house, bath room, large cemented cellar, hot air furnace, marble mantles, hot and cold water and gas throughout the house. Finished in the most thorough manner, with all modern conveniences. Lot 50 by 142, with fruit, shrubbery and flowers. Stable and carriage house on rear of lot, accessible by a twelve foot paved alley. Situate on Lincoln avenue, near West Commons, Allegheny—the most desirable neighborhood in the city. Price and terms made known on applying to

GEO. W. HUBLEY,
mh30:g69 No. 78 Federal street.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street.

mh15

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A two-story Brick House on Gibbon, near Chestnut, street; 3 rooms and cellar; 20½x100. Price $1,200.

Two two-story Brick Houses on Wick street; 6 rooms each; lots 24x100. Price $3,000; terms, $800 cash, and balance in yearly instalments of $500 each.

One small Frame House on Aiken lane. Price $900.

Ten fine Building Lots. 20x80, on Locust st.
Five do do 20x72, on Cooper st.
Four do do 20½x80, on Lyndon st.
Nine small Brick Houses of 4 rooms each, on Maria street. Price $1,850; easy terms.

TUSTIN & KLEE.
mh25:g21 87 Grant street, first floor.

FOR SALE.

GLASS HOUSE.

A Glass House property in a good location, a few miles from the city on the P., Ft. W. & C. R.R., consisting of one Ten Pot Furnace, with lears, Mould Shop, Cutting Shop, and all the requisites for a complete works.

The factory is now in successful operation, and thus offers unusual inducements to those wishing to engage in the business, as no time need be lost. Parties purchasing would have the advantage of a good trade already established.

Satisfactory reasons given for selling.
Address Box "N," *Commercial* office.
mh22:g40

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE. —FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

$3,500 WILL PURCHASE a desirable Farm of 100 acres, good soil, well watered, dwelling house, timber, limestone, etc.; fence in good order; fronting on the Youghiogheny River, opposite a Railroad Station, and near McKeesport. Terms easy.
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
mh24 85 Smithfield street.

REMOVALS.

ETNA IRON WORKS.

SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate,

AND

WROUGHT IRON TUBES,

HAVE REMOVED

To Their New Warehouse,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

Corner of Sandusky street and the West Penna. and Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railways, where they are prepared to fill orders promptly.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA.
mh30:g30

REMOVAL.—B. McLain & Co., Dealers in Real Estate Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages and other securities, have removed to their new Office, 104 Fourth avenue, Paulson's new Building. Any parties desiring to buy or sell Real Estate of any kind, Stocks or Bonds and Mortgages will do well to give them a call.
mh27

WESTERN LAND AGENCY.

70,000 Acres of Land for Sale,

In Iowa and Minnesota; price from $3.00 to $5.00 per acre. Land bought and sold on commission. Taxes paid; Titles examined; abstracts furnished; Surveying and Plotting done.

Information furnished in reference to locality, quality and valuation of lands. General collecting business done. Address

C. C. WAY,
ja29:d68 ELLINGTON, IOWA.

NOTICE

OF DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is

This Day Dissolved

By mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

F. SELLERS,
R. OWENS,
mh30:g52 J. L. DUNSEATH.

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY

ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

DRY FRUIT AND FEATHERS.

5 bags Apples,
1 bag quarter Peaches,
3 bags mixed do.
4 bags halves do.
2 bags Feathers; on steamer Camelia to arrive. For sale by
mh31 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

2,000 BUSHELS OF PEACH BLOWS.
a15 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

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DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGED CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern. STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS:
Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

GODEFFROY BRANCKER & CO.,

42 Exchange Place, New York,

Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Company of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia,) the celebrated

V. G. SPIEGELEISEN

Used so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulpur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy per centage of Manganese.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. ja30:d76

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
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CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

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fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,
PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER,
Attorney for the Trustees,
ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d47

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,
ap24:d6 **PITTSBURGH.**

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD, (FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

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Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.
Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

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JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Cor. of Pike and Walnut Streets,
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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

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☞ **Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.**

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,
(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.
no9:n69

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)
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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.
oc15:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

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AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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LUMBER! LUMBER!!

ALEXANDER PATTERSON.

Dealer in all Kinds of Lumber.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE:
1,000,000 feet Dry Pine Boards;
150,000 feet 1½ and 2 inch Clear Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1½ inch Common Plank;
30,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 feet Dry 2, 2½ and 3 inch Ash,
5,000 ft. Dry 2, 2½, 3 in. Cherry & Maple,
30,000 ft. Dry 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
250,000 feet Hemlock Joists and Scanting;
750,000 No. 1 18-inch Shingles, sawed;
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
40,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
40,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

YARDS—No. 86 PREBLE STREET, formerly Manchester, and 157 REBECCA STREET, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. no12

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 136 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:c24:dwT

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market. RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 30, 32, 34 AND 36 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. 1z5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,
For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.............EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET.

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,
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COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

FINANCIAL.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY.

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:
D. Hostetter, | Jno. C Risher,
James Gordon, | Robt. H. King,
D. Wallace, | Andrew Miller,
E. Fawcett, | James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.................President.
JOS. H. HILL.....................Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:
A. Patterson, | George W. Cass,
Wm. H. Brown, | R. H. Palmer
Chas. Lockhart, | Wm. Douglas,
Dan. R. Davidson, | Wm. Reed.
W. S. Haven,

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.
ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.
my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.
ja30:a1

OILS.

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuff- Benzole, ing & Finishing Oil, Gasoline, Harness Oil. Paraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

WARING, KING & CO.,
127 Walnut Street.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.
ap1:w30

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,
fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. E. SWINT.............................J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions, done. oc9:v36

CENTRAL AND UNION

PACIFIC RAILWAY BONDS,

The cheapest investment now in the market for sale by

PH. R. MERTZ,

Corner FIFTH AVENUE & WOOD STREETS.

Also, dealer in Government Bonds, Gold and Coupons and European Exchange at market rates. de21

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ **Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, March 30, 1869.

The gold market opened strong to-day at 131½, advancing to 134⅜, and closing weak at 134¼. The tendency is upward, although quotations were lower at the close for want of money to carry. The amount of gold on the market is rapidly reduced by payments for import duties, and little is being disbursed by the government. The general disposition is to hold for higher quotations.

Government bonds are dull and lower. The stocks held by dealers have been much reduced, and they are bearing the market in order to buy in again at lower rates. So long as money remains as scarce as it is at present, the prospects rather favor lower quotations; but should the money market ease up in any degree we look for a rapid advance in prices of all bonds, but especially in the issues of 1868 and 1862.

Stocks are sustained by cliques who hold cheap money, and can carry them on any market. At present their programme is reported to sustain the market and force the shorts to cover at present high quotations; after that they will permit the market to go down,

Valley bonds are offered at 81, and 80 bid; stocks about twenty dollars per share, nominal value; Allegheny compromise bonds 5 per cent. about 75; City bonds from 70 to 71, and City bonds from 90 to 91 asked and 87 bid.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 131¼: Silver, 125; Eighty-one's, 115⅜; Five Twenties, 1862, 118, do 1864, 113¾; do 1865, 115⅛; do 1865, Consols, 112¾; do 1867, 112⅞; do 1868, ——; Ten Forties, 105; New York Central, 160⅛; Erie, ——; Reading, 91⅛; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 124¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 32⅛; Michigan Southern, 96⅛; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 89; Chicago & Rock Island, 133½; Chicago & North Western, 83⅝; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 91⅛; Adams Express Company, 58¾; Merchants Union Express, 15¾; Pacific Mail, 89⅞; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37⅛; Gregory, 2,90; Quartz Hill, 90; Corydon, —; Smith & Parmlee, 2,00; W. Am. Express 40¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 30, 1869.

In money the stringency has been more trying to-day to borrowers than any previous day since the pressure set in. Rates were no higher than yesterday, but money was more difficult of access, and most parties on the street were compelled to pay the highest rate in order to make up bank accounts. The outflow of currency continues. Foreign bankers were heavy borrowers and paid 7 per cent. gold to have gold bonds carried over till to-morrow as a general thing, but in a number of cases a commission of 1-32 and 1-16 per cent. was paid either in gold or in addition to legal rates in carrying. Among stockbrokers 7 per cent. gold was about the lowest quotation; a large business was done at 7 per cent. currency, with commissions added of 1-32 to 1-8 per cent; a few loans were made at 7 per cent., and legal rates, but such instances are confined to houses which never accept more than currency interest. The break in exchange and the great difficulty experienced in selling bills adds a new class of borrowers, and the market for the time being increases the stringency. Commercial paper was offered freely at great shaves, but there is very little doing. Sterling dull; prime bankers' bills 7¾@8; sight bills, 8¼@8½; quotations nominal at the close. There is considerable talk of importing gold from Europe, and already $1,000,000 American coin is said to be on the way. Gold during the morning was firm, and the prices opened at 131½, advanced to 131⅞, fell to 131¼ on rumors of specie coming from Europe, and closed steady at 131¼ @131½. Exports to day $12,000; clearances $57,000,000.

Governments dull, but notwithstanding the money pressure prices have not yielded, and at the close 62's, 67's and new 65's showed an improvement of ⅛ per cent. Yesterday there was a disposition to make lower quotations, but actual sellers are hard to find. There is some investment buying and considerable purchases to cover shorts. Coupons of '81, 115⅜@115½; do. '62, 118@118¾; do. '64, 113¾@114; do. '65, 115¾@116; new do., 112⅞@113; do. '67, 112½@112⅞; do. '68, 112⅞@113; 10-40s, 105@105¼.

State Bonds quiet and steady; Missouris 87¼; old Tennessees 65½@66; new do. 64@64¼; North Carolinas 57@57⅛; Virginias, 57½.

The stock market during the forenoon advanced ¼ to 1 per cent., with principal activity in New York Central, Pacific Mail, Northwestern, Rock Island and Fort Wayne; the first named ranged between 159¼ and 160¼ and Pacific Mail between 89½ and 90¾, while Rock Island rose from 130⅜ to 132¾. Miscellaneous and Express shares dull and steady, the market becoming buoyant in the afternoon, with Rock Island as the most noticeable feature, touching 134⅛, while the general list was all higher. The full advance was not maintained to the close, however, and the market left off dull and heavy.

5-30 *Prices*—Cumberland, 35½@36¾; Wells Express, 30⅜@30¾; American, 41@41¼; Adams, 58¾@59; Merchants Union, 15½@16; United States, 57@57¼; Quicksilver, 19; Canton, 59@59¾; Pacific Mail, 89¼@89⅜; Western Union Telegraph, 37⅛@38; Mariposa, 17⅞@19; pref., 34⅝@34¾; W.P.15½@16; New York Central, 159¾@159⅞; Erie, 34¼@34¾; Hudson, 138⅝@139; Harlem, 134; do. preferred, 137; Reading, 91⅛@91½; Terre Haute, 35½@36; do. preferred, 65@66½; Wabash, 67; do. prf'd, 76@78; St. Paul, 70¼@70⅝ do. prf'd, 79⅜@79⅝; Fort Wayne, 124¼@124¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 32⅛: Michigan Central, 117@118; Michigan Soutern, 95¾@95; Illinois Central, 138@140; Pittsburgh, 89@89⅛; Toledo, 106⅜@106½; Rock Island, 135⅝@135¾; Northwestern, 83⅛@83¾; do pref 92⅛@92¼, LakeShore, 106⅜; and Alton, 140¼.

Mining Shares dull. Quart Gregory, 280; Smith & Parme

Copper Stocks at Boston—C 8; Franklin, 15¾; Hancoc nesota, 2; Quincy, 22½.

Receipts at the Sub-Treas 104; payments, $1,150,708; balau 518,547.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, March 30, 1869.

The market was exceedingly quiet, which was owing in part to the inclement weather, but mainly to the fact that there appeared to be a general disenclination towards doing anything excepting making settlements, and cancelling old contracts. There seemed to be little or no inquiry to-day either for Crude or Refined, present or future deliveries, while, compared with yesterday, prices have undergone no quotable change. There is one obstacle in the way of business just now, there is too much difference between the price of Crude and Refined, to admit of any margin to the manufacturer, and, as a consequence, our refiners, can now buy cheaper and to better advantage than they can make it. Taking Crude at 15 cts, it is contended that Refined will cost 29 cts here, while i will not command more than 30½, delivered in Philadelphia; these figures, correct, indicate a difference of 2@3 against Pittsburgh refiners.

CRUDE—But two sales reported, 1, bbls for April at 15, 2,000 seller till Ju at 14¾ Quotations may be fairly giv at 14¾@15, showing but a very slig difference, compared with the quotions of Saturday. As yet there ha been no arrivals, as the river is consi ered too high to run oil with safety.

REFINED—The Refined market wa also very quiet to-day, with little or nc change in prices, compared with yesterday. Sale of 500 each April and May, at 33, 500 April to September, at 35; 500 buyer till July, at 36; and—last evening—500, each April to June, at 33¾. April alone was a quarter better than yesterday, being quoted at 32¾.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil......	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle..................	35c
Eclipse Machinery......................	75c
Eclipse Spindle........................	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Livingston & Bro., 200 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 314 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Forsyth Bros., 104 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, M. & Co., 160 bbls refined to W. P. Logan Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 527 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Montzheimer, K & Co., 310 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 250 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Shipments Refined.............. 1775

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

McKenna & Rodgers, 50 bbls refined to A. P Phipps, Philadelphia.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, March 30.—In cotton goods there was a fair business doing in seasonable styles at generally uniform prices, but the market is nevertheless lacking in buoyancy, and some concessions are being made on various brands from day to day. The most noticeable changes today are Rosedale, ⅛c; Brown Cottons, which sell at 8½c; Portsmouth, 8⅞c; Cabot 4X4, bleached, 16c; do. 42; Nich. do. 19c; Linwood, book fold, bleached, 19c; and the Swift River Ticking, 17c. Prints steady; 11½c for Amoskeag, 12c for Allens and Richmonds, and 12½c for Pacific and Spragues. Delaines are depressed and sell at 18@20c. Printed Alpacas are in good request at 25c for American, and 32@35 for imported. Heavy Sheetings steady at 15½@16½c for southern and eastern made. Woolen goods are in good supply, especially light fancy styles, which can only be moved at low rates.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, March 30.—*Cattle Market.*—Hogs active, steady and firm and 10@15c higher, at $9,50@9,75 for common; $9,85@10,15 for fair to medium and $10,25@11,00 for good to extra choice. Beef Cattle active for the best grades, at $4,55@5,00 for common cows; $6,12½@6,62½ for light to fair, and $7,12½@7,75 for good to choice shipping steers.

CAMBRIDGE, March 30—*Cattle Market.*—Beef Cattle; receipts, 323 head; the market is very dull, with sales of extra at $13@13,50; first quality, $12@12,50; second quality, $11@11,50. Sheep and Lambs; receipts, 2,174 head; prices are unchanged at $4@9.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—*Cattle Market*—Beef cattle dull and prices drooping, but not quotably lower. Hogs dull and 75c lower at $8; whole range $8,50@10,50.

ST. LOUIS, March 30—*Cattle Market.*—Better qualities of butchers' stock of Cattle in good request, and prices range at $4@7,50 for common to choice.

MILWAUKEE, March 30.—Flour firmer and unchanged. Wheat weak at $1,14 for No. 1, and $1,09¾ for No. 2. Oats steady at 53½@54c. Corn steady at 55¼c, Rye quiet at $1,14. Barley dull at $1,65 @1,70 for No. 2. Receipts: 1,000 bbls flour, 6,000 bus wheat, 2,000 oats, 200 bus rye, 1,000 bus barley. Shipments: 3,000 bbls flour, 3,000 bus wheat.

MILWAUKEE, March 30.—Cotton, 28c; receipts, 335 bales; exports, 2,000 bales. Flour weaker at $5,75@6,00 for superfine. Corn, 72@74c. Oats, 65@67c. Hay, $26,00@27,00. Pork, $32,00. Lard, 19½c. Bacon weak at 14¼c for shoulders, and 17¾c for sides. Bulk meats steady at 12¼c for shoulders, and 16¾c for sides.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE COURTS

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe—Trial of John Bell, Charles Proutt and Thomas C. Graham for Arson.

MONDAY, March 29.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Bell, Charles Proutt and Thomas C. Graham, indictment, wilful and malicious burning, was taken up. Mr. Bell owned a trunk store on Market street. On the 19th of October the fire broke out in the establishment which resulted in the destruction of property to the value of between $200 and $300. The alarm was given, and but for the prompt arrival of the firemen the damage would have been more serious. It was charged that Bell conspired with the other defendants to procure the burning of his establishment, in order to secure the insurance on the stock, amounting to four thousand dollars, which had been effected in the Etna Company, of Hartford, Conn., three thousand in the Putnam, and four thousand in an Albany Company.

mmonwealth is represented by rict Attorney, and Messrs. terson and A. C. Cochran. R. Esq., appears in behalf of raham, and John W. Tay- Mr. Bell.

affey was called to testify on the Commonwealth. This tly indicted with the other ut the jury are not sworn e testified as follows: or Mr. Bell; had been for six months; had worked before for ; had worked there four weeks, when ne day as I was coming down stairs he called me into the cutting room and locked the door, and talked of counterfeit money; said he had lived an honest life long enough. He said he wanted me to o him a favor; I said, "Anything I can, ohn, I'll do." He said he couldn't arry on the shop any longer; it was gone for want of money; said he was insured for ten thousand dollars, and for me to burn down the shop, he would go into another business; I told him I would see. We went to a beer saloon, first door below him, and drank together; went to dinner and came back to work; worked two weeks after that; one day he said to me, at my bench, for me to come back to the shop after supper. I did so, and as he wished, I brought a candle; I got it in a candle store. He wanted to know the best way to burn the shop. I said "John, I don't want to do it;" as I was a stranger I didn't want to get into difficulty. He sked me to get some one to do it, and I id I thought I could. I mentioned it Proutt, who boarded where I did. He routt) said he would burn it if Bell uld accompany him. I told Bell this, he (Bell) said he would pay him, asked if I could depend on him. I d he could; that he (Proutt) was a rate, clever fellow, and I didn't think ould "squeal." I introduced him to in an alley, back of the shop, two or e days after; they talked in a shed. said he'd go away in two weeks to trunks, and to do it while he was ay; said he thought he was suspected the last fire. Bell, before going away om the city, came to me and said e had got another man—Graham—to assist in the burning. Proutt would set fire down stairs and Graham up. The varnish was up stairs and the barrels down stairs, and Bell said to fire the varnish. Before going away we got a trunk box, put the candle in it, and set it on fire to see how long it would burn in the box. Graham went to Allegheny and Proutt and I went away. The candle burned from two to two and a half hours. Bell went away and was gone from two weeks to ten days; when he came back he shook hands with me and went back to the shop. After supper he came to me and said, "the dung has choked you." He then said his wife was ill—that he had to go away with her, and to *have it done then, sure.* He gave me twenty dollars; I gave it to Proutt, and money to Graham to buy candles. He bought eight in Allegheny city, and brought them over. Bell came back, and came to my bench, and shook hands with me; he looked down hearted. Before supper Bell and I and Tom Collins went into the Shakspeare saloon and drank and talked it over. Collins stood on one side; said he didn't want to hear anything of our business. A few days after this—the day after the Mayor's election—Bell said he'd go away next day, and I said I'd go to Cleveland to vote; Bell said to go and return and help Graham and Proutt do it. Bell that night introduced me to Ward Nicholson, a livery stable keeper, who had bought a horse of him. Bell wanted $20 for me; Ward said to come at nine o'clock in the morning. Bell said he must go to the shop; next morning I eat oysters, then went to the livery stable and waited for the money; got none; reported to Bell; he said, "I'll go and shove my watch;" he did go on Smithfield street. Bell came back and said he had "shoved" his watch for thirty dollars; he gave me twenty; he took me to a gambling shop; he bought me two dollars' worth of "chips"—gambler's ivory; I was pretty full. Went to the National Hotel and went to bed; stayed there all night and then went to McKeesport and stayed there till Thursday afternoon. My wife came down with an order on Bell on Tuesday; I got home Thursday night; not to the shop; Graham was there: he said he had a friend named Fallamby, who went home the same way he did of evenings; he wanted to go home with Fallamby and "shape" him; Graham went up stairs with two candles; I went out and Proutt was there; he took three candles in a trunk box in the cellar; we then put candles in a round little box, and candles in another box; we commenced then to keep the light down; we lighted them, left, and it was three hours before the alarm. I went to McKeesport on the 10:30 train. I put down the cellar door, and all went away, Graham home, Proutt to the boarding house and I to McKeesport. The fire was at eight and a half or nine; we were not over twenty minutes at the building. In one and a half or two hours after firing the alarm was given; saw Bell on Monday after the fire; Bell came to my bench and "Wat" with him; they were fussin' among and noisy about the rumors of the fire; Bell said, "You'd better leave; there's a letter advertised for you in the Postoffice, but don't go for it; they won't arrest me until they arrest you." I went up stairs crying, and bid the boys good-by; Bell slipped me ten dollars and said, "I'll send you more." I left, went to McKeesport; came back; called at Bell's house; saw him; he took his overcoat and umbrella, and we walked out. I asked him to go and drink; he said he wouldn't drink, but for me to be careful—that there was a warrant out for me. I met him again in his own shop at night; he was crying, and said "if you squeal it will ruin me and my family." He went out, saying he would borrow fifty dollars for me; he did so, and gave it to me, and said to me, "Wall knows you are in town." I said, "If I don't have money, how can I go?" I was arrested on Sunday. I went to Proutt's shop; he was busy; met him at his boarding house; he wanted me to leave; said he was going to leave himself. He asked me for money; gave him $5; did not see Graham.

Duffy underwent a lengthy and searching cross-examination at the hands of Mr. Gibson, during which he denied having said at a previous examination (before the Mayor) that he was not in Pittsburgh on the night of the fire; he also denied that Mr. Bell had ever accused him of circulating reports of his (Bell's) having asked him to burn down the shop, and that Mr. Bell had discharged him on account of it. The cross-examination of the witness was not concluded, and will be resumed upon the opening of Court this morning.

NEW BRIGHTON.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, March 26, 1869.

In my article on the New Brighton churches, some time ago, typo made me give the probable value of the First Methodist Church at $55,000. It should be $25,000. I sent a correction soon after but it did not appear.

In regard to the Quaker Church, I was mistaken. I gave it at $5,000, which is much too high. I thought the building was better than it is and the grounds more extensive. It is not worth more than about *one-fourth* of the above amount.

At the recent Court in Beaver county there were a number of applications for eating house (which means drinking house) licenses in New Brighton, and also in Bridgewater, but the Temperance people remonstrated and none were granted. Those in Bridgewater were for tavern license. Thank fortune there is here and there a Judge who respects the wishes of the people in these things and is not afraid to do right. May their number increase. C.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, March 29, 1869:

John Jacob Stoer et ux. to Oswald Heckman, February 17, 1869; lot on Magee street, Pittsburgh, 20 by 62 feet, with buildings......$3,400

Nancy Maria McFadden to John McCarter, March 13, 1869; lot No. 78 in the Buena Vista extension of Allegheny, 20 by 110 feet......$2,300

Mary M. Still to Thomas Lee, March 29, 1869; lot No. 242 in Robinson's extension of the city of Allegheny, with buildings......$7,000

James Aber to John Wallace, March 25, 1869; lot in Snowden township, containing 129 acres and 126 perches......$12,870

John Vollmer to Christopher Menzemer, March 20, 1869; lot on the south side of Juniata street, Allegheny, 25 by 75 feet, with buildings......$1,269

James Denniston to Wm. H. and Jos F. Denniston, February 24, 1869; lot in Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, on Penn street, 40 by 100 feet......$1

Bernard Rogers to John Jacob Schmalz, February 2, 1869; lot in Reserve township, 22 by 67 feet, with buildings......$2,325

David W. Bell to Mrs. L. C. Willis, April 20, 1868; three lots in Chartiers township......$66

Wm. Rimm to Phil. Scharf, March 25, 1869; lot in the borough of East Birmingham, on Wharton street, 60 by 72 feet, with buildings......$1,900

Wm. Davidson to C. P. Caughey, lot on Juniata street, Manchester, 24 by 129 feet......$300

Michael S. Hilly to Mary McGrew, March 15, 1869; lot in the Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, being lot No. 8 in plan of the north side of the East Liberty Plankroad......$1,700

James M. Woods and James H. Haines to Jacob Seibert, February 25, 1869; lot on Ohio avenue, Allegheny, 36 by 300 feet, with buildings......$4,000

James McCord and James B. Haines to Louis Wiederhold, lot on the north side of Ohio avenue, Manchester, 36 by 300 feet, with buildings......$4,000

George Breed to John Lytle, July 21, 1859; lot in Reserve tract, Allegheny City, 60 by 172 feet......$200

Same to same, July 20, 1859; an adjoining lot......$450

Charles L. Goehring to Benjamin Singerly, March 29, 1867; interest in certain ground rent on Third avenue......$500

MORTGAGES FILED.

Same day eighteen mortgages were filed of record.

The Luckiest Man in America.

[New York Correspondence Cincinnati Times.]

At the Metropolitan Hotel are nineteen citizens of Montana, the most distant of our possessions. They came 3,000 miles, across mountains, deserts, prairies and rivers, in ten days, to purchase goods and supplies for Helena, now the capital of Montana. With them is the famous "Quartz King," James W. Whitlatch, whose history is a romance transcending the wildest vagaries of fiction in interest and incident. As a representative man he illustrates the power of energy and perseverance in conquering obstacles interposed to pioneer life, and moulding fate to human purposes.

Jim Whitlatch, as he is called, was born in Pennsylvania, of indigent parents, and the death of his father left him to shift for himself at the age of eight years. In 1850 he accompanied an acquaintance on the way to California as far as Kansas, where his friend, awed by the perils of the journey, deserted him and returned to the States.

Whitlach hired as a cattle driver, pushed on to Colorado, and, after the season of hay making, commenced mining on his own account. By diligence and perseverance he accumulated some $5,000, which he lost by wild cat speculations. He spent three years in this region, with variable fortune, and moved on to Nevada, where he was more successful, and again lost all by imprudent ventures. With nothing but his rifle and mining kit, in 1865, he wandered across Idaho to the placer diggings of Montana, whose productiveness had just attracted attention. Here he was so delighted with the picturesque beauty and fertility of the country that he decided, for the first time, during his adventurous wanderings, to settle and begin anew. With only twenty-five cents in his pocket, he commenced prospecting for gold. Concluding that where so much gold abounded on the surface it must come from somewhere, he set about finding the origin. For weeks he wandered up and down the canons, built himself a cabin, and pursued his labors amid the jeers of old miners, who had been discouraged in the search before. After months of labor and trials enough to discourage any less determined man, one day his experienced eye discovered, in a lucky

GOPHER HOLE,

an unusual quantity of specimens of gold bearing quartz. Inspired with renewed hope the young man plied his pick and shovel, and at a distance of three feet below the surface uncovered the long sought vein, now known as the "Union Mine," whence he derived the foundation of his fortune, and from which his successors, the New York Mining Company, to whom he sold—to enable him to prospect further—will continue to obtain untold millions. It is said that this mine alone contains ore enough to employ a thousand men in digging for a hundred years. Whitlach, however, continued his investigations, and opened other mines equally rich, procured stamping mills and batteries, enlisted new capital and enterprise, incited emigration to Helena—then a little collection of miners' huts—and to-day at the age of twenty-six, is worth a million of dollars.

POSTMASTERS APPOINTED IN PENNSYLVANIA.—Lavansville, Somerset county, Elijah Chorpunning, vice James Albright, removed; Woodbury, Bedford county, David F. Keagy, vice C. R. Stover, removed, Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Geo. R. Barker, vice F. Klein, resigned; Saltsburg, Indiana county, Samuel S. Moore, vice J. S. Robinson, resigned; Jackson's Station, Erie county, William J. Whiteford, vice Susan J. Willsey, resigned; Ebensburg, Cambria county, J. Todd Hutchinson, vice Rees J. Lloyd, removed.

POLITICAL.

FOR SHERIFF.

WILLIAM A. HERRON,

Will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh25:g19-d&F

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY:

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of CLERK OF COURTS, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. I would state that I ask the office but for ONE TERM, at the termination of which I would cheerfully retire, believing that there are others equally entitled to the honor and emoluments of the office, and as competent as myself. I will be under obligations to the citizens of the county for their support. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH BROWNE.

Late 102d (old 13th,) and 5th Pa. Vol. Regt.

mh23:g47

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

to all OWNERS OF DRAYS, CARTS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., (whether resident or non resident,) in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at this office FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly approved March 30, 1860, and an ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1869, will be placed in the hands of a police officer for collection, subject to a collection fee of 50 cents, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty double the amount of the license, to be recovered before the Mayor.

The old metal plates of last year must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or 25 cents additional will be charged on each License.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each one horse vehicle	$ 7.50
Each two horse vehicle	12.00
Each four horse vehicle	15.00
Each two horse hack	15.00

Omnibus and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses, $18.00 each. One dollar extra will be charged for each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles.

A. J. COCHRAN,
City Treasurer.

fe12:g46:MWF

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. an28:p28

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED

—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g29-d&F

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

—An Essay for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja19:d&T

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS
FOR THE MILLION.
AT
SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,
55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkably low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and anklet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods warranted as represented. no24

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress,
Approved July 25, 1868.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.
PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, 1868:
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
Its policies are exempt from attachment.
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured, after a certain number of years, during life, an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the policy.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets, and full particulars given on application to the Branch office of the Company, or to

E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.

JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C.,
For Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed to THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. mh26:MW&F

ROLL BUTTER.—12 packages Fresh Roll Butter, just received and for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD,
141 First avenue.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To authorize the Grading of Sawmill Alley, eastwardly of Coke Ovens, Eighth Ward.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading of Sawmill alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Sawmill alley respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioners to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Sawmill alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the twenty-fifth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. mh29

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving South Alley, Sixth Ward.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the Grading and Paving of South alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said South alley, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said South Alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the 30th day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 25th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. mh29

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of Plank Sidewalk on Perrysville Plank Road.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*. That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of Plank sidewalk on south side of the Perrysville Plank Road beginning at steps at northern termination of Beaver street, and extending to city line, the same to be in accordance with specifications adopted by Councils, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon both sides of said Perrysville Plank Road respectively, in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Perrysville Plank Road, respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relative to Plank walks in the City of Allegheny, passed March 9th, 1869.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 25th day of March, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. mh29

THE
ECONOMY BUTTER CO.

ask the attention of all interested in the reduction of the extravagant cost of Butter, to their practical and economical system of making pure prime Butter by the aid of the

EXTRACT OF BUTTER PLANT.

A brief allusion to the origin of this important discovery may not prove uninteresting. Among the authenticated records of the renowned Captain Cook's voyage around the world, is found the statement, that while sojourning for a short time on the Brazilian Coast of South America, he observed the natives using, in the preparation of their food, a peculiar oil, which, upon examination, he found to possess the appearance, taste and flavor of Butter; upon further inquiry, however, he ascertained that it was simply a substance that the natives distilled in a crude and imperfect manner, from a rich and luxuriant plant that grew spontaneously and abundantly in that warm tropical country. A few years ago an eminent French chemist, while on a professional visit to the tropics, made numerous experiments with this remarkable production of nature, and succeeded in extracting a concentrated essence of the plant. The formula for its preparation, and the Sole Right for its sale in this country are the exclusive property of this Company, by whom it was purchased from the original discoverer. We claim for this remarkable, yet simple and perfectly harmless preparation—

1st.—That by its use a net gain of from 50 to 200 per cent. is made in the manufacture of Butter.

2d.—That Butter, which from age or whatever cause, may be strong, rancid, streaked or coarse-grained, and comparatively useless for general use, by the aid of this Extract, is restored to its original freshness and sweetness, fine-grain, and even color.

3d.—By the use of this Extract, one pound of delicious, fresh butter is actually made from one pint of milk.

4th.—That a pure and excellent table Butter can be made, at a cost of from 15 to 20 cents per pound. The chief expense wherein being Butter, which is the essential *base*.

5th.—That Butter manufactured by the aid of this Extract is equal in every respect to the best Butter made by the ordinary method.

6th.—The Extract after thorough analysis, by able chemists, is pronounced perfectly free from any deleterious substance, the ingredients being purely of a vegetable nature.

8th.—In proof of the foregoing assertions, the factory of this company is making one ton of Butter per day, which meets with ready sale in the New York Market, and is consumed from the tables of the first Hotels, Restaurants and Private families in this city and elsewhere.

A sample package of the Extract (sufficient to make 50 lbs. of Butter) with full directions for use, will be sent to any address on receipt of $1.

CAUTION.—As articles of real merit are subject to spurious imitations, we would specially caution the public against counterfeits and worthless imitations, advertised as powders, compounds, &c., as the Extract of the Butter Plant is prepared and sold only by

The Economy Butter Co.

OFFICE, 115 LIBERTY STREET,
FACTORY, 236 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

State, County and City Rights for sale, offering to capitalists rare opportunities for establishing a staple business, paying *enormous* profits.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

M. CADART'S *Pure Vegetable Coloring*, $1 a pound, sufficient to give a rich golden yellow to 200 lbs. of White Butter; 50 cents per sample package, sent to any address. No Farmer should be without it, as white and streaky Butter is worth from six to ten cents a pound less in all markets than that of a rich yellow. fe8:e16

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET,
Will Remove on the 1st of April to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey,
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n53

FOURTH LIST, 1869, APPLICATIONS TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in the Clerk's Office.

PITTSBURGH.

Henry Shaler, tavern, 1st ward;
Fred. Jacobs, tavern, 1st ward;
Wm. Pollock, tavern, 1st ward;
Chas. Quinn, tavern, 1st ward;
Geo. Free, tavern, 1st ward;
Daniel McCafferty, tavern, 1st ward;
Henry Schild, tavern, 1st ward;
Wm. Kroeger, tavern, 1st ward;
Martin Schuetz, tavern, 1st ward;
Martin Joyce, tavern, 1st ward;
David Reich, tavern, 2d ward;
Reinhart Ullrich, tavern, 3d ward;
Jas. McCafferty, tavern, 3d ward;
B. Gallisath, tavern, 3d ward;
Rudolph Bechtold, tavern, 4th ward;
Dan Meenan, tavern, 4th ward;
Gotleib Mashey, tavern, 4th ward;
Morgan R. Bryon, tavern, 4th ward;
John Getty, tavern, 4th ward;
S. H. Watson & Co., other goods, 4th ward;
Littell & Mechling, other goods, 4th ward;
Charles Bilharz, tavern, 5th ward;
Edward McGarr, tavern, 5th ward;
Lucinda Pulpress, tavern, 8th ward;
James I. Wiggins, tavern, 9th ward;
Daniel Shields, tavern, 9th ward;
Mary Nusbaum, tavern, 9th ward;
H. & J. Elsin, tavern, 9th ward;
Wm. Veitmeier, tavern, 9th ward;
Adam Tussing, tavern, 9th ward;
Henry Fuchs, tavern, 9th wvrd;
Joseph Mankis, eating house, 9th ward;
Owen Sullivan, tavern, 10th ward;
John McCambridge, tavern, 10th ward;
John Schreiber, tavern, 10th ward;
Cornelius Sheehan, eating house, 10th ward;
John Frederick, eating house, 10th ward;
D. Gallagher, tavern, 11th ward;
Phil. Schansenbach, tavern, 11th ward;
Peter Kaltenborn, eating house, 11th ward;
Phil. Voiret, tavern, 12th ward;
J. G. Hommel, tavern, 14th ward;
J. P. Pearson, tavern, 15th ward;
Mich. Berger, tavern, 15th ward;
John Thalheimer, tavern, 15th ward;
Mich. Williams, tavern, 15th ward;
F. J. Lauth, tavern, 15th ward;
Mary Waidler, tavern, 15th ward;
Jacob Gutendorf, tavern, 16th ward;
Wm. R. McKee, eating house, 16th ward;
Hannah Donaldson, tavern, 17th ward;
John Kelly, tavern, 17th ward.

ALLEGHENY.

Hugh Callahan, tavern, 1st ward;
Jas. Getty, Jr., tavern, 2d ward;
Adam Heyl, tavern, 3d ward;
Mich. Grogan, tavern, 3d ward;
Henry Bork, tavern, 3d ward;
A. Hoffman, tavern, 3d ward;
John Hoffmann, tavern, 3d ward;
John Myer, tavern, 3d ward;
Theo. Hueskin, tavern, 3d ward;
E. Hess, tavern, 3d ward;
Casper Sauer, tavern, 3d ward;
F. Richter, tavern, 3d ward;
Chas. Roehrig, tavern, 3d ward;
L. Schuler, tavern, 3d ward;
J. Pruetting, tavern, 3d ward;
C. Geib, tavern, 3d ward;
V. Benyer, tavern, 3d ward;
J. Schirmer, tavern, 3d ward;
C. Schillerback, eating house, 3d ward;
H. Herat, eating house, 3d ward;
Isaac Stern, other goods, 3d ward;
Keysert & Wernert, other goods, 3d ward;
Nich. Miller, tavern, 4th ward;
A. Glaaser, tavern, 4th ward;
F. J. Landgraff, tavern, 4th ward;
A. G. Ehlers, tavern, 4th ward;
George Garber, tavern, 4th ward;
Anna Froelich, tavern, 4th ward;
John Bitner, tavern, 4th ward;
Charles Jacob, other goods, 4th ward;
Adam Gilg, tavern, 5th ward;
Val. Denhard, tavern, 6th ward;
Fred. Staat, tavern, 6th ward;
W. Southward, tavern, 6th ward;
John Hamilton, tavern, 6th ward;
Phil. Wagner, tavern, 6th ward;
H. Reddenbach, other goods, 6th ward;
Joseph Dierstein, tavern, 7th ward;
W. Eberhardt, tavern, 7th ward;
P. Dornberger, tavern, 7th ward;
F. Stechle, eating house, 7th ward;
G. Fisher, tavern, 8th ward;
G. Schopp, tavern, 8th ward.

BOROUGHS.

H. Becker, tavern, Braddock;
V. Staade, tavern, Birmingham;
John Kammerer, tavern, Birmingham;
Lewis Smith, tavern, Birmingham;
Jos. Schneck, tavern, Birmingham;
Gertrude Och, tavern, Birmingham;
John Windstein, tavern, Birmingham;
J. Roth, tavern, Birmingham;
J. J. Hauf, tavern, East Birmingham;
John Grein, tavern, East Birmingham;
J. A. Lippert, tavern, East Birmingham;
Geo. Ullrich, tavern, East Birmingham;
Jac. Gommel, tavern, East Birmingham;
C. Feld, tavern, East Birmingham;
J. Frendenrich, tavern, East Birmingham;
R. Dietrich, tavern, East Birmingham;
H. Wilhelm, eating house, East Birmingham;
Jos. Wild, tavern, McKeesport;
John Cain, tavern, McKeesport;
D. G. Lindsay, other goods, McKeesport;
L. Brucker, tavern, South Pittsburgh;
John. G. Deitsh, other goods, South Pittsb'gh;
Peter Minen, tavern, Sharpsburg;
Dennis Healer, tavern, Sharpsburg;
J. A. Hart, other goods, Sharpsburg;
Geo. Truby, tavern, Tarentum;
T. J. Richardson, o. goods, Temperanceville;

TOWNSHIPS.

Alex. Speer, tavern, Hampton;
Jacob Madoery, eating house, Killbuck;
G. W. Warren, tavern, Marshall;
Wm. Derson, tavern, Mifflin;
Peter Berres, tavern, Mifflin;
Jos. Chiverton, tavern, McClure;
Chas. King, tavern Reserve;
J. Hartman, tavern, Lower St. Clair.
Hogl, Fisher & Co., e. h. Lower St. Clair;
F. S. Hogle, eating house, Lower St. Clair;
James McIlinchy, tavern, Union;
Thos. Welsh, eating house, Union;
Thos. Lawrence, tavern, Versailles;
J. H. Meyer, tavern, Wilkins.

The License Board will sit for hearing the above applications on WEDNESDAY, the 7th April, at 9 o'clock A. M.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.
mh30:g48

COLGATE & Co.'s
FRAGRANT
TOILET SOAPS

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

Are prepared by skilled workmen, from the best materials, and are known as the STANDARD by dealers and customers. Sold everywhere. de27:WF

THE MAN, OR THE MEN, who hold PATRON'S TICKETS of the 2d and 3d SERIES OF WASHINGTON MEDALLION PENS, are hereby informed that the drawings were made January 29, 1869, and that circulars giving full information of the numbers drawn, will be sent to persons interested, on their addressing the WASHINGTON MEDALLION PEN COMPANY, New York.

N. B.—READ THE TICKETS OF THE 4TH SERIES. fe2s:f9

ROSADALIS
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
de7;b10-MWF

UNION ENTERPRISE
FOUNDRY,
WM. M. JOHNSON.

Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, Arches, Grates, Fenders, Sash Weights, and all kinds of Hollow Ware, Car Wheels and all kinds of Machinery Castings, COR. WATSON & SHINGISS STS., PITTSBURGH, PA. au26:v27W&S

GRENOBLE WALNUTS.—Just received, a choice lot of fresh

Grenoble Walnuts and Pecans,

for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

mh20

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee......WM. HENDERSON.
Manager......M. W. CANNING.

Third appearance of the favorite and accomplished young artiste,

Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 31st, 1869, will be presented Sheridan Knowles' beautiful five act play of the

HUNCHBACK.

Julia......Miss Charlotte Thompson.

Thursday Evening—FANCHON.

Grand Family Matinee on Saturday.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE WORLD RENOWNED TROUPE
OF
TYROLEAN SINGERS,
Two Ladies and Six Gentlemen,

Who have performed with the greatest success before the

CROWNED HEADS OF EUROPE,

And lately received with the greatest enthusiasm in New York, will give TWO CONCERTS in this city, on

Thursday and Friday Next.

The programme will consist of selections from favorite Operas, interspersed with

Native Tyrolean Airs,

Forming an entertainment at once UNIQUE, NOVEL, and of the GREATEST ARTISTIC MERIT.

ADMISSION—Parquette and Dress Circle, $1; Family Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Reserved Seats may be obtained at H. Kleber's Music Store, 122 Wood street, on MONDAY MORNING NEXT, without extra charge.

mh29:g32

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.

Another constellation of Stars! The beautiful and dashing M'lle AUGUSTA LAMEREAUX, Miss NELLIE HOWARD. The popular Comedians OSCAR WILLIS and JOHNNY COLLINS. Mr. and Mrs. EDWIN BLANCHARD and their wonderful acting Dogs, Carlo and Nero, in the exciting drama called "The Watchman and His Dogs." Lillie Beckett, Dick Carroll, Charley Gardner, and all the Monster Company in a new olio. Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday.

SMYTHE'S AMERICAN THEATRE. (Late Trimble's Varieties.)

Tremendous hit of the New Company!

THE DASHWOOD SISTERS,
Miss ANNIE ELDRIDGE,
Miss AMY DE BRENT,
Mr. ROBERT NICKLE,
Mr. HARRY G. RICHMOND.

A splendid bill by the new Company to-night!

BURNELL'S MUSEUM
AND PARLOR MENAGERIE,
The Great Family Resorte.

FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theatre.

Open Day and Evening, all the year round. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents.

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, made March 4th, 1869, there will be exposed at Public Sale, at McILWAINE'S AUCTION ROOMS, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the

10th Day of April, 1869,

At 10 o'clock A. M., the following described Real Estate of JOSHUA RHODES, Bankrupt, subject, however, to existing liens, viz.:

All that lot of ground, situate in the First ward of the City of Allegheny, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point 132 feet 3 inches southwardly of Rebecca street, 14 inches westwardly from the line dividing out-lots numbers 23 and 24 in the Reserve tract opposite Pittsburgh; thence parallel with said line southwardly 415 feet 3 inches to Bank Lane; thence along Bank Lane westwardly 192 feet 6 inches to line of land of J. H. Lindsay and H. D. Whipple; thence along said Lindsay and Whipple's line northwardly 442 feet 2 inches to a point within 132 feet 3 inches of said Rebecca street; thence north 68½ degrees east 205 feet 9 inches to the place of beginning.

Also, a certain other Lot or strip of land, 14 inches in width and running from Bank Lane to within 132 feet 3 inches of Rebecca street aforesaid along the eastern boundary of the lot of ground above described, and extending from said eastwardly boundary to the dividing line between out-lots numbers 23 and 24 aforesaid, less the following described piece of the above described lot, to-wit: All that certain lot or piece of ground beginning at a point at the line of property of Joshua Rhodes on Bank Lane; thence along the line of said property of said Rhodes 241 feet to a point; thence by a line 34 feet 4 inches to corner of property of Lindsay and McCutcheon; thence by the line of said Lindsay and McCutcheon 225 feet to Bank Lane; thence along Bank Lane 38 feet 5 inches to the place of beginning, on which first and second described pieces of ground, less the last described piece of ground, is erected a large Brick Malt House.

Also, all those two certain lots of ground, situate in the City of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on Irwin street at the distance of 188 feet 7 inches from Duquesne Way; thence at right angles with Irwin street 60 feet; thence parallel with Irwin street 40 feet; thence at right angles with Irwin street 60 feet to said Irwin street; thence along the same 40 feet to the place of beginning, being lots Numbers 3 and 4 in a plan of lots laid out by Joshua Rhodes, recorded in Plan Book, vol. 3, page 277.

R. W. MACKEY, Assignee.

mh19:g29

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

—Whereas, letters testamentary to the estate of JOHN GRAHAM, late of the City of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to WILLIAM ROSEBURG, at the Bank of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM ROSEBURG,
JOHN D. McCORD,
JOHN B. HERRON,
Executors.

mh10:f80-W

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

—All persons are hereby notified that Letters of Administration on the estate of MARGARET HAUGHEY, of Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against said estate will present them duly proved, and those knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned without delay at my office, 91 Beaver street, Allegheny city.

mh3:f44W JOHN RAMSEY, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

—Whereas, Letters of administration upon the estate of DUGALD LEECH, late of the City of Pittsburgh, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make make known the same without delay to

ELLEN LEECH, Administratrix.
Or W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Attorney, No. 87 Diamond street, Pittsburgh. mh3:f48-W

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

At Pittsburgh, the 16th day of March, A. D. 1869. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of WILLIAM D. HAMILTON and JAMES H. MOORE Co-partners, of Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
mh17:g20-W Attorney at Law, 89 Grant St.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

—Letters of administration on the estate of JAMES GRACEY, late of Wilkinsburg, county of Allegheny, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will present them to

HUGH WARD,
No. 40 Palo Alto street, Allegheny City.

fe3:W

ESTATE OF GEORGE QUIGG.

—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said George Quigg, deceased, are requested to make payment, and all persons having claims to present them to the undersigned at No. 219 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

SAMUEL DAVIDSON,
JOHN QUIGG,
Executors.

mh10:178-W

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, Hose, Steam Packing and Gaskets of the Boston Belting Companies manufacture at prices as low as this quality of goods can be bought of the manufacturer. A full stock always on hand at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 Sixth street.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
fe8 Sole Agents for the Company.

PIG LEAD.—500 pigs Soft Galena Lead for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD,
fe25 141 First Avenue.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Notice to Our Readers.—Any subscriber proposing to remove on the first of April, should leave the number of his present residence, and of that to which he designs removing, at our counting room, so that his paper may be left without interruption by the carrier.

The Market Committee of Councils will hold a meeting at their room on Friday evening next.

Gone.—Felix Lafferty, a well known sporting gentleman of this city, died at his residence on Smithfield Street last evening about seven o'clock.

Suicide.—Charles Jones, a telegraph operator, formerly of this city, committed suicide at Galisburg, Illinois, on Saturday evening last, by taking laudanum.

A Grand Success—Eighty-six thousand (86,000) of Appleton's Journal, No. 1 disposed of on Saturday, the day of publication. A new edition will be printed at once.

The latest dodge given away is a puzzle sheet containing nearly a dozen first rate puzzles, each puzzle bearing the advertisement of a new toilet article—Milk of Violets for whitening the skin—they are presented FREE by all Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Birmingham druggists.

Committed.—May Gordon made information before Alderman Lindsay yesterday against Wm. Allen for surety of the peace, and Bridget Allen for disorderly conduct. The parties reside in the Sixth ward, and are neighbors. The accused were arrested and committed for a hearing.

Paying Up.—Yesterday the Superintendent of the Manchester Railway called at the Controller's office and paid three hundred dollars, the amount due by that Company as reported to Councils on Monday. The managers of the road thought they had complied with the law, but seeing by the proceedings of Monday's Councils they had not, called at once and paid the amount due.

Dispute Regarding Ownership.—H. Goldstein made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, against Carrie Vaughn for trover and conversion. The prosecutor states he placed in the care of Carrie a lot of household furniture, valued at two hundred and seventy-five dollars, which she refused to return when called upon to do so. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Carrie.

A Compromise.—John Rupp made information before Alderman Strain yesterday against Henry Britch for aggravated assault and battery. The accused keeps a saloon on Water street. The prosecutor alleges he was sitting in the saloon Saturday evening, when Britch attacked and beat him with an ax-handle over the head. The parties were brought together at the Alderman's office, and after some talk compromised the case, Rupp withdrawing the charge.

Held for Trial.—The Allegheny night police Monday evening arrested two young men, named respectively Gleise and Neyman, who were suspected of being two of the gang of rowdies who assaulted two gentlemen on the Troy Hill road, in the Seventh ward, Sunday afternoon. Yesterday morning the prisoners had a hearing, at which they were identified by one of the persons assaulted. The Mayor accordingly held each for trial in the sum of three hundred dollars.

Till Robbed.—Alderman Donaldson yesterday committed to jail for a further hearing David Hawthorne, a boy about thirteen years of age, on a charge of larceny. The accused, in company with two others, was detected in the act of stealing money from the till of Mr. Hamilton Blakeley's milk wagon, which had been standing in the yard of Hare's Hotel during the absence for a few minutes of the milkman. The other two boys succeeded in making their escape with about six dollars in their possession.

Twenty Dollars and Costs.—Edward Gildernew was arrested yesterday by the Mayor's police on a charge of disorderly conduct and required to pay a fine of $20 and costs. It appears that Edward and his brother Felix got into a fight Saturday evening, and an officer interfered and arrested them, whereupon Edward resisted and succeeded in escaping for the time, but Felix was taken to the Mayor's office, where, after a hearing, he was committed for thirty days in default of the required fine. The officers succeeded in arresting Edward yesterday.

Literary.—We have received from the Methodist Book Depository specimens of Foreign Correspondence Paper, Editor's Manuscript, Contributor's Manuscript, Author's Manuscript, writing papers which are specially adapted to the use of those contributing to the daily or literary weekly newspapers. The "Literary Bulletin," from the same Depository, No. 129 Smithfield street, contains a catalogue of all the popular and standard publications issued by the leading publishing houses of the country during the past month.

Fined for Reckless Driving.—Thomas Smith and Michael Rice were before Mayor Drum yesterday, on complaint of Lieutenant McRoberts, of the Allegheny police, who charged them with violating the city ordinance relative to rapid driving through the streets of the city. The officer alleged that the accused were in a buggy on Sunday afternoon, and that they drove down Federal street at a breakneck pace, to the great danger of travelers along that thoroughfare. The accused were each required to pay a fine of five dollars, which is the highest penalty prescribed by the law.

The Great Basin.

Having heard the lecture on the subject of the Great Basin, delivered a few nights ago at Excelsior Hall, to a meagre, but very intelligent and delighted audience, it is with much pleasure that we are authorized to announce that the lecture is to be repeated on Thursday evening, at the Third Presbyterian Church, and we trust that on this occasion there will be no vacant seat in the church, whose minister and trustees should be commended for the arrangement by which the lecture is to be free. The lecturer, Rev. A. M. Stewart, will be remembered as volunteering to serve one of our Pittsburgh regiments as chaplain, with an intimation that he had been taught the use of arms, and, if need be, would serve his country as gladly in the field as in the chapel, has spent nine months among and between the Rocky and Sierra Nevada Mountains, and his lecture, with the numerous vegetable and mineral specimens which he exhibits, will prove an edifying and agreeable treat to those who may hear him. He will satisfy all that he has been a close and an intelligent observer of the physical and topographical wonders of the "Great Basin," and will impress them with higher conceptions of the boundless resources of our country.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Second Day's Proceedings.

MORNING SESSION.

The Institute met at nine o'clock, Superintendent Douthett in the chair.

Prof. Campbell opened the exercises with prayer, after which Prof. H. S. Jones, of Erie, Pa., delivered a short address on the subject of English Grammar, referring to its importance as a study and the necessity of thorough instruction. He closed by giving a number of examples of errors in grammar, which were the result of defective teaching. A brief recess was now had, followed by an address on arithmetic by Prof. Northrop. In opening, the speaker alluded to the relation between geometry and arithmetic, and contended that the elements of the former should be first taught in the schools. He discussed this proposition at some length, and gave illustrations of the manner in which instruction should be imparted.

The juvenile choir then rendered a song in a pleasing style, after which Mrs. Mary H. Smith entertained the Institute with practical illustrations of the manner of teaching geography. The speaker held that the teacher should never hear a recitation unless the matters which may be brought out during the recitation are perfectly familiar to him or her. Teachers should endeavor to incite pupils to think, to interest them in the lesson, and to obviate the tendency, now so prevalent, to rely exclusively on text books. The speaker then gave a class drill in geography, showing how the study could be made profitable to teachers and pupils, using the outline map during the drill. This exercise was an interesting one, and those present paid the closest attention.

The exercises of the morning session were brought to a close by Prof. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, who gave a lesson in elocution, reading "Hamlet's advice to the players," and "Charcoal," a humorous selection, after which the Institute adjourned until two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Commenced at two o'clock.

After the usual introductory musical exercises, Rev. C. G. Braddock was introduced and entertained the Institute with a discourse on the True and False, in relation to School Discipline. The Reverend gentleman's remarks contained many valuable and practical hints on the difficult question of enforcing discipline in the schools, which the teachers present would do well to put in practice hereafter.

Mrs. Smith was the next speaker. She continued her lecture on Geography, illustrating and enforcing by the outline map, her idea of teaching, in an interesting manner.

Prof. B. G. Northrop followed Miss Smith in a brief address on the incentives to study, which he maintained should be held out in the home government of the pupil. Here they could be more powerfully brought to bear upon the pupil, and thus the work of the teacher would be materially lessened. At the conclusion of Rev. Northrop's remarks, the Institute adjourned with musical exercises, until seven o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Superintendent Douthett called the Institute to order at seven o'clock.

The Philharmonic Society sang:

"Summer Sweet Shall Come Again."

As an opening exercise.

Prof. Shoemaker was now introduced and read a poetical selection entitled "The Inquiry," and a humorous account of his first appearance in print.

Rev. Thos. K. Beecher next addressed the Institute, on the subject of "Government and the execution of laws." The speaker, in his remarks, contended that in a government like ours, the principle of free and universal education must, as an essential principle, be recognized and provisions accordingly made for its support. The experiment of self-government, if ever successful, would be so only in a government where knowledge among the masses was encouraged. In America the greatest reason of her success could be traced to the refinement and culture of the people. He further argued that an educational department should be attached to the national government. Ignorance is dangerous to the State, and should be done away with if at all possible.

The speaker concluded by expressing fear that the Republic was in greater peril from a large portion of its population being devoid of that degree of intelligence necessary to make good citizens, than from any other danger, and urgently appealed to the friends of education and patriots everywhere to make strenuous exertions to advance educational facilities throughout the country.

At the conclusion of the able address the Philharmonic Society sung "Old Hundred," after which the Institute adjourned, with the benediction pronounced by Rev. Beecher.

THE COURTS.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe—Trial of John Bell, Charles Proutt and Thomas C. Graham for Arson.

SECOND DAY.

TUESDAY, March 30.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Bell, Charles Proutt and Thos. C. Graham, indicted for arson, was resumed.

Bernard Duffy was placed on the stand again and cross-examined by Mr. Gibson: On the evening of the fire met Proutt and Graham in the alley back of the shop; met Graham first. This may have been about half past six o'clock; we put the candles in and split the pine; set up a whole candle in each box; the boxes were not placed where they would catch the varnish; basement was full of boxes; Proutt came out of the cellar last; I have a key and let Graham in first. Bell asked me many times to set the store on fire; three times he went away and urged me to do it while he was absent; was in the building some twenty minutes the night of the fire. The examination was continued at considerable length, but nothing further of importance was elicited.

Mr. LeRoy testified that on the 12th of October he lent thirty dollars on a gold watch, and that receipt was signed by John Bell, with the name of Jno. Black.

Mrs. Davis sworn—Duffey boarded at my house in October; he boarded with me from the last of June to the 10th of October; after the fire had a conversation with Bell; went to his store to see if I could get what Duffy owed me; Bell said there was no money due Duffey; said he was in trouble.

Mrs. Duffey, sworn—Had a conversation with Bell two weeks before the fire; went to Bell to see where Duffey was; Bell told me that Duffey had gone to Cleveland, and that he (Bell) was going away to be gone four days; when I was going away I asked Bell for money and he gave me five dollars.

James S. Pancoast, proprietor of the Commercial Dining Saloon, on Wood street, was next called. He testified that at the time of the fire he had a man named Shea in his employ, and that Duffey and Shea were very intimate. That after Duffey's arrest Bell came to him and asked him to get Shea out of the road, and that he (Bell,) after frequent conversations, had handed witness eight ten dollar bills and some smaller notes to give to Shea, who afterwards left the city. Bell had told witness that Shea would be used as a witness against him, and he wanted him out of the road. The witness also testified that Bell also offered him (Pancoast) money if he would not testify what he knew about the affair, and that he frequently approached him on the subject and tried to induce him to absent himself. That Bell came to see him, and on one occasion when he met him on an alley near Fifth street Bell asked him "What 'dirt' he was going to do on him;" that a man who was with Bell at the time menaced him with oaths and threatened and blackguarded him.

On cross-examination he stated that Fire Marshal Murphy had requested him to go and see Bell and get money from him.

Ward Nicholson, sworn—In October, '68, was in the livery business on Third street; don't know Duffy; Mr. Bell was there very often; bought a horse from Bell and at several times he came for money; in the month of October or November Bell, with another man came to the stable in the evening; Bell wanted money, and if I recollect right, wanted it for the man that was with him: said he must have the money; said something about the man going away; I had no money and told Bell that Mr. Weible would pay the money if he, Bell, could see him.

Fire Marshal Murphy was recalled and testified to having made an examination of the building after the fire, and found a trunk with kindling wood and grease in it; fire was slight; no serious damage done.

After the examination of several other witnesses, whose testimony was corroborative of what we have published, the prosecution closed the case.

R. M. Gibson, Esq., opened the case for the defense. He said that it had probably struck the jury that they were trying a strange case, and before it was concluded it would grow stronger. He said that it must strike the jury that Duffey was a very bad man, and, in his way, an able man. Were it not for his testimony the Commonwealth's case would have no foundation, and there could be no conviction. He claimed that it would be shown that the charges against the defendant were utterly groundless; the defence expected to establish the fact by reliable witnesses.

Witnesses were then called as follows:

John Watt, sworn—Have worked for Mr. Bell, at his trunk store, for the past five years; became acquainted with Duffy in 1862; he commenced to work in Bell's shop in 1863; he went away and come back in June last; Graham came there on the third of October last; he boarded in Allegheny; he was hired by Gillespie; Bell was away at the time; he became acquainted with Prout in May; Mr. Bell was absent in Ohio when Graham came there; he had been gone about a week; Graham worked in third story; Duffey and a number of others worked in the next story; Duffey boarded with me; before the fire the key to the back door was lost or was taken from me, and I afterwards—after the fire—found the key in some rubbish from the bench where Duffy had been working; told Bell I would not have Duffy about, as he had said "you offered him $250 to fire the shop;" Bell said, "Did he say that? I'll go up and see him;" Bell and I and Duffy went into the office; Duffy asked me if I had said that he had told other parties that Bell had given him $250, and said, with an oath, that if I had said so I was a liar; Bell told him to pack up his things and leave; Bell came down immediately behind me; Duffy came down in about half an hour or so; he looked as if he had been crying; he left. Duffy testified at the hearing before the Mayor that he was not in the city when the alarm was sounded. I left Prout at the boarding house at a quarter past seven o'clock on the evening of the fire.

On cross-examination nothing new was elicited. Witness said that he and Duffy were not on very bad terms; Duffy hit him alongside the jaw one night.

Thomas Gillespie, sworn—Was bookkeeper at the store at the time of the fire; on Monday after the fire Duffy came in and Mr. Bell told him to leave; that he did not want such a man about his premises; Duffy asked me to give him a dollar, saying in a pitiful manner that he had no money; I did not give him any money, as there was none due him; I went back to the store on the evening of the fire, at about half-past six o'clock, to meet Mr. Wilson on a business matter; the gas was lighted; I remained until seven o'clock; Mr. Wilson did not come; turned off the gas and left; I think Duffy said at the hearing before the Mayor that he was not in the city on the night of the fire; that is my recollection of his testimony.

Court adjourned till the usual hour this morning.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

No. 190. Com. vs. Tho's Williams et al.
No. 141. Com. vs. Wm. C. Armstrong *alias* Wm. Jackson.
No. 139. Com. vs. John Kurtz.
No. 140. Com. vs. James Brown et al.
No. 90. Com. vs. J. R. Larimer.
No. 88. Com. vs. Wm. Bowers.
No. 34. Com. vs. George Ornsburg.
No. 166. Com. vs. G. Tobias.
No. 316. Com. vs. Wm. W. Keenan.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

TUESDAY, March 30.—Charles B. Taylor vs. Samuel Chadwick. Action in ejectment. Juror withdrawn and plaintiff takes non suit.

Owners of towboat "Lioness" vs. owners of towboat "Panther," previously reported, was concluded yesterday and the jury was still out.

Samuel Rowan et ux vs. Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad. Action for damages alleged to have been sustained by the killing of plaintiff's son at Edgewood Station, August 9th, 1868. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

No. 56. Clayton vs. Seibert.
No. 71. Campbell vs. Lamm.
No. 62. Cooper for use vs. Knap.
No. 68. Henneman vs. Monongahela Valley Coal Co.
No. 87. Dickey & Co. vs. Bender & Co.
No. 88. Faverly vs. Bender & Co.
No. 90. Young vs. Peoples Line Steamers.
No. 97. Hanen vs. Balentine.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Mellon.

TUESDAY, March 30.—No business of public importance was transacted in this Court, the time being occupied in disposing of cases in the Orphans' Court on the argument list.

The Old Folks Concert.

The second concert of the "Old Folks," under the direction of Professor Wm. A. Lawton, took place last night at the Academy of Music, and was largely attended. The performances, as on the preceding evening, were of the highest order and everybody expressed satisfaction with the entertainment. We understand that a grand fashionable matinee is being arranged for, to be held on Saturday afternoon at the Academy, at reduced prices to all parts of the house. Such a treat should be largely patronized.

Strange Matter for Railroad Reading.

We took passage, a few days since, on an accommodation train to go a short distance out of town. When we had taken our seat we began to survey the situation, and looking before and behind us, we saw a large number of very respectable looking ladies, whose countenances were radiant with delight, poring over sheets somewhat more diminutive in size than the GAZETTE. Our curiosity was excited. We wondered if some enterprising individual had commenced the publication of a new paper. We became still more curious as a quite fashionable lady, very near where we were seated, now cast her eye upon the paper she held in her hand, and anon surveyed a large number of packages which lay beside her, and carefully scrutinized every line on the paper, and seemed to "check off" every parcel. At last, accosting a lady who sat immediately before her, she exclaimed with evident delight, "Oh! for any sake Mrs. —— do look here! See, I purchased that pile of goods, and there," pointing to the figures, "is all they cost!! I have not, since the war, bought so many fine goods for so little money!!!" "Where," said the lady accosted, "did you purchase them?" "At Barker's grand opening, on Market street," was the reply. "I have been there too," said the other lady. "Here is all the money I expended, and yet I could not bring the goods into the passenger coach. The packages are so large, I had to leave them in the baggage car." The mystery was now solved and our curiosity gratified, for on casting our eyes in the direction where the ladies were congratulating each other so enthusiastically, we saw that the papers which they had been reading so intently were headed, Bought of J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market street. Judging from the joyful expression of the countenances of the other ladies who were reading similar documents, we felt convinced that they were not sorry that they had also attended the great sale of spring dry goods, now in successful progress at Messrs. Barker & Co's, on Market street. But we must confess that we were somewhat *sold*, as from the number of papers that were being read we at first came to the conclusion that a new daily rival had been started by some ambitious but reckless individual.

Vestrymen Elected.

On Easter Monday, in accordance with the usual custom, elections for vestrymen were held in a number of the Episcopal churches. Following are the names of those elected in some of the churches

TRINITY CHURCH.—Messrs. John H. Shoenberger, Josiah King, James M. Cooper, Calvin Adams, Wilson McCandless, Stephen Jarvis, Henry G. Hale, Thomas M. Howe, Thomas S. Blair, Henry L. Mason, George Calhoun, Wm. F. Robb, Walter P. Marshall, Archibald Blakely.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH.—Messrs. J. H. Shoenberger, E. P. Jones, Reuben Miller, J. M. Knap, J. A. Hutchinson, L. H. Harris, Wm. Kerr, C. A. Colton, J. G. Martin, Wm. Metcalf, R. J. Stoney.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—Messrs. Ebenezer Brewer, Wm. H. Byram, Abraham Garrison, Isaac Whittier, John P. Henderson, F. H. Eaton, F. R. Brunot, Charles A. Wood, R. B. Francis, M. A. Woodward and John B. Jackson. Deputies to Diocesian Convention—F. R. Brunot, William H. Bryan and M. A. Woodward.

ST. PAUL'S, LACEYVILLE.—Messrs. W. Mullins, W. Metcalf, Reuben Miller, E. P. Jones, G. Paris, W. Barnes, J. M. Knap, John Rebman, Robert Arthurs, T. Cokain, A. H. Patterson, R. Crumpton.

EMANUEL CHURCH, ALLEGHENY.—Messrs. Jas. C. Doane, Philip Wilson, Jas. A. Hutchison, E. H. Williams, John H. Grouard, Charles Starrett, Henry D. Rutton, John R. McKelvy, George Hollins, Malcolm Hay, John McClurg, R. G. McCutcheon.

Slate for Roofing.

Some two or three years ago the Twin City Slate Company was organized, through the efforts of J. S. Newmyer the original purchaser of the Twin City Slate Mines, in Northhampton county, of this State. Since that time he has given the Slate business his personal attention in all its practical parts, from mining to the laying of slate on roofs. His long experience in the manufacturing business, and full knowledge of machinery, has been of great value to him in advancing the Slate business, here and elsewhere. Yesterday we had the pleasure of seeing some splendid specimens of fine Slate plates manufactured by a machine gotten up by Mr. Newmyer, which is now in use and has proven to be a great success in the manufacture of Slate for roofing. Through the energy of Mr. Newmyer, the price has been reduced in the market, from three to four dollars per square, and in this way popularizing Slate and introducing it more extensively, so that he has probably transacted the largest business ever done in this City or State. With largely increased facilities for doing even a more extensive business than ever, in his line, and is likewise much better prepared to meet the demands for Slate, and to give his personal supervision to the laying of the same. He employs the most skilled mechanics in that branch of business, and guarantees satisfaction in all work entrusted to his care. We take much pleasure in commending Mr. Newmyer to the confidence and patronage of any of our readers, who may have Slating work to be done, as we have long known him as a careful and attentive business gentleman.

Watch Stolen—The Thief Arrested and Escapes.

Monday evening Christ France visited a saloon on Smithfield street and there fell in, as he states, with a young Frenchman, who was exceedingly attentive and friendly to him during the evening. His new friend treated him several times and evinced his friendship by embracing France occasionally. At length France missed his watch, and on looking around for his new friend, to inform him of his loss, missed him also, and was led to believe that the watch and the Frenchman had departed together. The description given of the Frenchman created the impression that the Frenchman who had decamped with the watch was none other than Charles Roberts, and France, accompanied by an officer, visited his place of rendezvous in an alley off Seventh avenue, with a warrant for his arrest. They found Roberts in bed, and the hook that had been attached to France's watch chain was found lying upon a table in the room. Roberts was aroused from his slumbers and after carefully preparing his toilet announced his readiness to depart with his captors. They started, but had proceeded but a short distance when Roberts parted company with the officer and France and has not since been heard of. The information was made before the Mayor, but it appears that the name of the accused was not known then, as it does not appear on the information.

Bound for England.

Monday morning the wife of a coal miner, at Walker's Mills, a short distance from Pittsburgh, made her appearance at the Union Depot, on her way to New York, from whence she was, according to her statement, to start to England back to her friends. She had a strange story to tell. Her husband was sober, industrious and kind. She had four children, the youngest being about four years of age. All her domestic relations were of the most happy character, but still she was not contented, because Walker's Mills was too countryfied a place, and she couldn't live there. This was her story. Soon after she had arrived at the depot, her husband also arrived, in pursuit. They two met. He tried every possible inducement for her to return, but all were unavailing. She didn't like Walker's Mills, and wouldn't go back. At length the dejected man seized her carpet sack which contained her clothing, and sorrowfully departed. The lady still held out, and avowed her determination to carry out her original design of going to her friends in England. At last accounts she was waiting the train to carry her to New York. Strange, but true.

Laugh and Grow Fat.

Coming up Wood street yesterday we met a very elegantly dressed and handsome young lady, mouth and cheeks as tempting as red apples in an orchard, and laughing all over at one time. Being slightly acquainted with her she stopped us and said: "Dogon knows, I feel as happy as a baby in a sugar barrel." Of course I asked her why, and imagine our surprise when she said, "Well, Pa gave me one hundred dollars to buy a trunk, satchel and some other articles necessary to take my usual spring trip, and by good luck I dropped in at Joe Liebler's and got the handsomest outfit in his line in this city for less than half what I formerly paid other houses, consequently have the balance saved, which, of course, I'll return to Pa." To the reader: Liebler, at 104 Wood street, does sell you all kinds of trunks for traveling for one-half what you formerly paid, and warrants them to be the very best. Go and see for yourself.

Queensware, Bristol-ware, &c., &c.

We have heretofore called the attention of our readers to the wares manufactured at the Keystone Pottery, S. M. Kier & Co., proprietors. We desire, however, to do so again, from the assurance we feel that in no other establishment in this city can they be better suited, either as regards price or quality. The Queensware and Bristol-ware on exhibition, and which is being daily disposed of at their warehouse, No. 363 Liberty street, is fully equal to that heretofore imported, and for which much higher prices, in many instances, have been paid. Those who may doubt this statement should visit the warehouse, whether they wish to purchase or not, and satisfy themselves by a personal inspection of the wares manufactured. Remember the place, 363 Liberty street.

Good Appointments.

The new Cabinet appointments are received with general favor throughout the country, and the appointments at the well established and largely patronized Continental Dining Saloon, over which our worthy friend and fellow-citizen Mr. Holtzheimer presides with so much ease, grace and dignity, are superior to those of any other establishment of its character in the city. Everybody and everybody's friends who have ever visited the Continental and taken a meal there are fully aware of this fact, and those who have not yet been there have only to call and take a square meal to be convinced of its truthfulness. Everything is kept in the most perfect order, and meals are served at all hours at the most reasonable prices.

What They Will Do.

Dr. Ross' Remedies are purely vegetable preparations, and are doing more good to the people than any other medicines ever offered to the public. They are sold at one dollar per bottle, and generally one or two bottles have the desired effect. We make a specialty of the following diseases, and warrant a cure in every case: Acute or Chronic Rheumatism, Catarrh, we have cured hundreds of cases, some of long standing; Dyspepsia, we believe we have the best remedy for this disease ever compounded. For diseases of the Throat and Lungs our Tar Compound is doing wonders. Dr. Ross' Remedies are manufactured and for sale wholesale and retail, at Nos. 26 and 28 Sixth street, (late St. Clair.)

Where to Purchase.

W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street, has opened up a large and varied stock of dress trimmings, fancy goods, &c., &c., at his establishment, to which he invites the attention of ladies purchasing spring outfits. The stock embraces everything usually offered for sale in a first class trimming and fancy dress goods store, and in price, quality, and style will be found fully equal to anything ever offered in Pittsburgh. Those of our readers who desire anything in this line should remember 81 Market street, and not forget to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Truth is Mighty and will Prevail.—If you don't believe us when we say Leibler, at No. 104 Wood street, sells the best trunks, valises, satchels, &c., for less money than any good house in Pittsburgh, go and examine for yourself. He is at all times pleased to show his stock, and have you compare his prices with other houses.

Reader have you ever tried the Aromatic Coffee put up in pound packages, browned and ready for use, by Strickler & Morledge, proprietors of the famous Iron City Spice Mills, Fifth avenue, near High street. It is the best and purest Coffee in the market, and after once using the housekeeper will have no other.

Are you going to be Married? If so go to Liebler's, 104 Wood street, he can sell you the trunk you want. The nicest and best trunk for the least money, of any house in the city. 104 Wood street is his number.

Ask Your Grocers for pure mustard and spices and take none that does not bear the brand of Strickler & Morledge, Iron City Spice Mills, Fifth avenue, near High street.

Black and Colored Silks selling cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s, No. 52 St. Clair street.

Liebler's No. is 104 Wood street.

Books and Stationery.—Col. J. D. Eagan, at his book and stationery store, Sixth avenue, near Smithfield street, has one of the largest and best selected stocks of books and stationery that can be found in the city, which he is selling at wonderfully reduced prices. All the latest periodicals and magazines will be found on his counter. Persons in need of any articles in his line will do well to call and examine his stock.

Whitman's Celebrated Commercial, Breakfast, Double Extra, Vanilla, Tourists, and Great American Chocolates, Fine Jordan Almonds, Iceland Moss Paste, Flag Root, Coltsfoot, Rock, Crystalized and Smooth Licorice Drops. Hard and Soft Gum Drops, Marshmallow Drops, and all kinds of pure Lozenges, and extra-fine Cream Bon-Bons, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny.
3t. GEORGE BEAVEN.

Those who desire to make selections of choice dress patterns for Spring wear, should call in and see the new goods just opened at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

Spring Goods have just been received at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue. Ladies will find in their large stock all the novelties yet introduced in the Eastern market.

That Spring is here is evinced brilliant display of new goods j ed at Bates & Bell's fashionable store, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

The place to get White I cined Plaster, Hydraulic Cen **Ecker & Caskey's**, 13 Smithfi

A fine assortment of hou dry goods is included in the sp stock of new spring goods just open Bates and Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

All the latest novelties in dress goods for Spring wear, direct from the importers, just opened at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

Beautiful new styles of fresh Spring goods have just been received and opened at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

Have you examined the fine stock of new dry goods fresh from the importers and manufacturers, at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

The attractive stock of fresh dry goods just opened at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue, should be seen by all our lady readers. The selections and assortments are very fine.

Ladies will find a magnificent assortment of new Spring dry goods, embracing all the latest styles and patterns in domestic and foreign goods, at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

A Grand Opening of Spring goods ha been made at Bates and Bell's dry goo store, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

Full assortment of new Spring goc just opened at Bates & Bell's dry goc house, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

The Spring fashions are now opened Bates & Bell's dry goods house, No. 2 Fifth avenue.

Every lady should have one of those nice shopping satchels, for sale at Liebler's, 104 Wood street.

Ladies go to 104 Wood street when out to-day promenading and see something handsome. We know you want one.

11-4 Sheeting Muslins just opened at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s, No. 52 St. Clair street.

Plain, Pink, Buff and Blue Percleos, just received at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s, No. 52 St. Clair street.

New Table Linens, Towels, Napkins and Prints just opened at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s, No. 52 St. Clair street.

New Styles Cloaks, walking coats and sacques just introduced at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth avenue.

DIED.

SOMERVILLE—Near Stockton, California, March 8, 1869, MARY H. SOMERVILLE, formerly of Allegheny City, aged thirty-three years.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 156 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBT. T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals at $4.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets.
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO., No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.
mh6

THOS. F. DALE, M. D.......R. S. SUTTON, M. D.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves together for the

PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.

Office, No. 19 STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny City.
no13-a13
THOS. F. DALE, M. D.,
R. S. SUTTON, M. D.